THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Rhea & Cluskey.) MEMPHIS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1868. (Volume Ten—Number [illegible]

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, 19 Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Appersen & Co., S. M., cotton factors and commission merchants, 264½ Front and 4 Jefferson streets.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 223 Main street.

Benas & Co., G. L., cotton and tobacco factors, Avalanche Building, Jefferson street.

Benham, Hendrix & Co., rectifiers, 10 Adams street.

Binch, Estes & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Blelock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 315 Main street.

Buchly, F., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes 341 Main street.

Bourn & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Cameron & Co., J. H., Finley Churn Dasher, 321 Main street.

Chamberlin & Co., C. F., booksellers and stationers, 197 Main street.

Clarke & Co., S. M., insurance agents, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cleaves & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 312 Second street.

Copperthwait, Chapman & Co., books and stationery, 270½ Main street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 263 Main street.

Craig & Co., R. G., seed store, 279 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cobbins, Gunn & Coover, planing mill and lumber yard, 161, 163 and 165 Washington street.

Connell & Eakin, cotton gin and pickery, foot of Market street.

Cash, J. H., cotton and produce factor, 226 Front street.

Cobbins & Gunn, iron founders and machinists, Adams street, near Bayou.

Cayce & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 303 Mainstreet.

Christina & Co., J. A., storage for cotton and merchandise Navy Yard.

Davis, A. F., practical house and sign painter, 33 Union street.

Dougherty, Wm., marble works and marble mantel warerooms, 99 Front street, above Market.

DeSoto Bank of Memphis, 20 Madison street.

Dickinson & Bro., J. W., cotton factors and commission merchants, 210 Front street.

Dollinger & Co., J., china, glass and queensware, 44 North Court street.

European Assurance Society, office 279 Main street.

Emmet Savings Institution, 6 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, dry goods, 267 Main street.

Fargason, Cordes & Co., grocers, 258 Front street.

Fowlkes & Steffey, cotton factors and commission merchants, 193 Second street and 43 Washington.

Finnie, Buckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 200 Main street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 224 Front street.

Forster, Kaulhofer & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 249 Main street.

Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Green & Co., N. S., dealers in whisky, etc., 232 Front street

Gay, Alden, Mettren & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors, 38 Front street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harmstead, Larry, Steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hill, Strange & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Hill & Co., John C., cotton and storage warehouse, Court street, near bayou.

Haller, Fisher & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 9 Madison street.

Howell Wood & Co., dry goods Southern Palace, 331 Main street.

Heath, Lewis & Frazer, attorneys, corner Second and Main street.

Holaner & Fritz dry goods, 235 Main street

Jones, Edward C., architect, 279½ Main street.

Jones, Brown & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants 226 Front street.

Jones & Co. G. W., wholesale and retail druggists, 237 Main street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 262 Front street, up stairs.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Kenny & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2 Kh williams Block, corner of Madison and Second

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Kennedy, Williams & Russell, cotton factors and commission merchants, 268 Front street.

Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Lamb & Co., E. W., cotton and storage warehouse, Adams street, near Bayou.

Layer & Hellbre, cotton factors and commission merchan s, 252 Front street.

Lane & Co., F., cotton factors and commission merchants corner of Union and Front streets.

Levett & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Lee & Co., A. S., auctioneers, Second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Linbhager & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers 281½ Second street.

Levy and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 14 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods 242 Main street

Lindauer, Arnold & Co., dry goods, 311 Main street.

Meody & Co., John R., commission and storage, 206 Front street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Ticket office, Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Moore, Whitfield & Co., cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, No. 1 Howard's Row.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 8 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 5 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

Mosby & Dorion, commission merchants, 204 Front street

McVae & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McCombs & Co., sole agents Eagle Cotton Gins, 222½ and 224 Main street.

Mcgibbon & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

Mastin & Dougan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 13 Union street.

Maydwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 39 Union street, between Second and Third.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 311 Madison street, Memphis and Nashville.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street

Mansfield & Higbee, wholesale druggists, 301 and 303 Main street.

Millard, Clements & Co., storage for cotton and merchandise generally, Popular street, near river.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad, office 297½ Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Fiem Calvert, Superintendent.

New Memphis, Theater, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Neely & Co., J. C., cotton factors and commission merchants, 280 Front street.

Nolen & Lindsay, house and sign painters, glaziers, etc., 57 Jefferson street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines liquors, cigars, etc., 21 Jefferson street.

North America Life Insurance Company, of New York John B. Smith, general agent, 220 Front street.

Partee, Metichee & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Power & McGhee, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Post, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 200 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Patrick & Co., J. M., cotton factors, 234 Front street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Partee & Harbert, commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Rice, Stix & Co., dry goods, 307 Main street.

Roach & Co., A. G., wholesale grocers, 220 Front street.

Rawlings & Co., J. J., cotton factors and commission merchants, 254 Front street.

Robertson & Carter, cotton factors and commission merchants, 15 Union street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite Gayoso House.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., wholesale clothing, 303 Main street

Ruffin, Finney & Co., cotton factors, 13 Union street.

Royster, Treacevant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Stewart, W. L., cotton and commission merchant, 2 Bank alley.

Schabel & Co., J. F., stove dealers, 227 Main street.

Stone, Horace, wholesale boots and shoes, 325 Mainstreet.

Sullivan, Mrs. Sallie, millinery goods, 257 Main street, over Sessel's.

Sample, Mitchell & McCauley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Stanley, King & Smith, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street street, up stairs.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 42 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 242 Second street.

Semmes & Co., B. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 254 Second street.

Shaw & Co., J. S., hardware, 233 Second street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 303 northeast corner Gayoso and second streets.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 13 West Court street.

Taylor, Cole & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Thomas & Arnold, dry goods, 293 Main street,

Toof, Phillips & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 266 Front street.

Tennessee State Mutual Insurance Company, of Memphis, office 15 Madison street.

Titus & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

Tennessee Savings Institution, corner of Court and Main sts. 16.

Tobin, Lynn & Co., cotton factors and grocers, 346 Main street.

Vinson & Donohue, steamboat agents, 254 Front street, up stairs.

Verner & Hatchett, cotton factors and commission merchants, 239 Front street.

Van Brocklin, auctioneer, 39 Madison street.

Van Yonat, George W., agent Missouri State Lottery, 20 Jefferson street.

Waggener & Co., J. H., merchant tailors and dealers in ready-made clothing, 294 Main street.

Watson & Co., J. B., wholesale and retail druggists, 318 Main street.

Webb, S. M. & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Wornham House, corner Main and Adams streets. C. B. Gallaway, proprietor.

White, Kerr & Rootes, cotton factors, general commission and forwarding merchants, 294 Main street.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Adams street, below Main.

Williams, J. D., wholesale clothing, 275 Main street.

Willamson, Hill & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 226 Front street.

Wah & Co., Martin, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 275 Front street.

Wright, W. F., storage and commission, 2 Promenade alley.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Carlotta is recovering from her insanity.

General S. B. Buckner was in St. Louis Saturday.

The Duke of Edinburgh is to sail around the Horn.

Lamartine is dying for the hundredth time.

The Menken has signed a new engagement for California.

Le Nord says Colonel Kelly, the Fenian, has taken refuge in Belgium.

General Grant has gone to New York, where he will stay for several days.

The Richmond *Whig* now opposes negro suffrage which it countenanced recently.

Louisiana Penitentiary convicts are to be put to work on the Hickey crevasse.

The London theaters lost $40,000 by the cabs' strike.

Henry Fassman, a prominent New Orleans merchant, is dead.

This is said to be the "last season" of Signor Blitz, the diabolizer.

General Negley is at Baton Rouge, and the people are toadying him.

Mr. Beresford Hope, M. P., owns the smart London *Saturday Review*.

John H. Harney, editor of the Louisville *Democrat*, is seriously ill.

The Texas folks have a new term for gamblers. They call them professional cardists.

Lord Monck is reported to have received instructions to remain in Canada another year.

Alexander Dumas, the elder, will probably visit this country next year, and give readings in French.

It is said that the President will make the present destitution in the South the subject of a message to Congress.

Helen Western's troupe kept a Milwaukee audience waiting for an hour between the plays, and a small row ensued.

Patsey Evans, another giant, has agreed to fight O'Baldwin, the Irish giant, for $1,000 a side.

It is said that Santa Anna started the Yocatan rebellion against the greaser Juarez.

General Sherman says the late Indian war "was principally fought in the newspapers and in Congress."

A negro named Jones was sentenced on the 2d at Frederick, Maryland, for rape upon a white woman.

A Texas pony, "not much larger than a Newfoundland dog," was exhibited at the Baton Rouge fair.

The First National bank of Bay City, Michigan, has failed. Liabilities fifty thousand dollars.

The jury, after being out twenty-four hours, acquitted John Shurich, who has been on trial at Fort Wayne, for rape.

Mankato, Minnesota, lately shipped 21,000 muskrat skins for the Eastern market in one lot.

The New York *Tribune* compliments Johnson on his ability to make so much use of Grant.

General Fremont is stated to be opposed to General Grant, and in favor of Chief Justice Chase, for the Presidency.

The New York *Mail* states that there are now fewer dry goods jobbing houses in that city than twenty years ago.

One of the Paris papers is paid 80,000 francs per annum by its financial editor for the privileges and advantages of his position.

Fernando Wood, who is not mayor of New York, pays $1,000 a month rent for his Washington house.

Brick Pomeroy, after a personal examination of the Angola disaster, acquits the railroad company of blame.

Captain Lewis James, a well known boat commander on the lakes, committed suicide at Chicago on the 3d.

Commodore James S. Watkins fell down the hatchway of the Costa Rica, between Shanghae and Yokohoma, and was killed.

A countryman in Portland, after eating three dozen raw oysters, told the man to stop when he had opened ten cents' worth.

The New York *Tribune* says that Senator Morgan, of that State, is not a candidate for Vice President.

A report is current in Washington that General Schofield will shortly remove the State officials of Virginia and appoint others.

General Banks is preparing a report on the question of the rights of American citizens abroad, which he will support with a speech in the House.

A Ladies' Relief Society, to provide for the destitute of the Orphans' Home in Mississippi, has been organized in Georgetown, Kentucky.

The failure of L. O. Hopkins, dry goods merchant of Cincinnati, was announced on the 3d instant. His liabilities, chiefly to Eastern houses, are set down at $1,000,000.

Three parties are aiming to get possession of the Missouri Pacific railroad, Vanderbilt, the Pennsylvania Central, and a St. Louis party.

This is an item in an offset account in a trial before a Maine court: "For loafing in defendant's shop, at the rate of $50 per annum, $63."

General Howard has established a rule that the acceptance of a political office must be considered as incompatible with the duties of officers of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Archbishop Spalding lectured in Baltimore on Sunday evening for the benefit of the poor, his subject being, "Three Weeks in Ireland," suggested by his recent tour.

Peat sells in Madison, Wisconsin, at six dollars a cord, and is generally and satisfactorily used in that place as a substitute for coal and wood.

The indications are that Governor Swann, of Maryland, will be defeated for the Senatorship, and that ex-Governor Pratt or W. P. Hamilton will be elected.

A Frenchman recently hung himself because his grocer dunned him for a bill of twenty dollars. Thereupon his son shot the grocer. The account is still unpaid.

Austria had to dock Maximilian of his title of Emperor before it could get his body. He was styled "the late Archduke" in all communications with Juarez.

A Hong Kong special of November 26 reports the death of Mr. L. C. Calfield, Consul of the United States at Fuchow, which event took place on the 28th of October.

William A. Wallace, now chairman of the Democratic State Committee, is proposed as the next Democratic candidate for Senator from Pennsylvania.

The Maine politicians are already excited over the rivalry of Morrill and Hamlin for Mr. Morrill's seat in the United States Senate, although the election does not occur till next winter.

Late intelligence from Mexico states that only three out of one hundred and seventy members of Congress are opposed to Juarez. The Imperialists are leaving Mexico as fast as possible.

The statement that General Howard has indorsed the proposition of a loan of $30,000,000 to Southern planters, with a lien on their estates or crops, is incorrect.

The Virginia Constitutional Convention, after a violent debate, passed the resolution requesting Congress to extend the term of existence of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Mr. George Kellar shot and mortally wounded James Dimmitt, in an affray at Shawhan's Station, Kentucky, on December 30th.

A party of gentlemen, to the number of sixty, have purchased the portrait of Chief Justice Marshall, by Rembrandt Peale, for three thousand dollars, and propose to present it to Chief Justice Chase.

A. A. Bradley, a negro member of the Georgia Convention, has been arrested at Savannah for threatening and drawing a pistol on John E. Hayes, editor of the Savannah *Republican*.

It is hinted that M. Rouher draws his inspiration from Eugenie, rather than Napoleon, and that he looks to becoming the Richelieu of the Regency when Louis fills the tomb of the third Napoleon.

At the close of Dickens' reading in New York, on New Year's Eve, he made his only speech in America, as follows: "Ladies and gentlemen, I wish you from my heart of hearts a happy, happy New Year."

Thurlow Weed states that he and others issued the first call for a State Convention, in New York, to nominate State officers in 1824. Previous to that time nominations had been made in legislative caucus.

Only think of an army contractor being sentenced to five years' penal servitude for attempting to swindle the English Government in some matter relating to the Abyssinian expedition! Attempting, mind you, not succeeding.

The Russian Minister is anxious to compromise the claim which has been made by a Massachusetts citizen against the Russian Government, but Secretary Seward advises him not to do it, as he is confident he can get the $7,000,000 for Russia in spite of it.

The father of a family at Washington holds a chief clerkship worth $2,200; two sons have $1,200 clerkships, and another, one of $1,400, while the daughter is provided for with a $900 place; nearly $7,000 per year to one establishment.

There is another Richmond in the Presidential field in the person of General Butler. It is no secret that he and his friends have been working zealously in the matter for some weeks. It is regarded as a flank movement against Grant.

General Canby has issued an order suspending executions and staying proceedings in certain cases, and providing for a homestead exemption. The order issued by General Sickles prohibiting the distillation of liquor and the opening of bar rooms is revoked.

Cora James, the woman who gained a libel suit for one thousand dollars against the *Democrat*, has arrived at St. Louis from Chicago; and threatens to bring another suit in the United States Court. She claims now to be a citizen of Chicago.

The Democrats of Vermont propose to celebrate with a grand banquet at Montpelier, the Eighth of January, anniversary of the victory of Jackson at New Orleans. John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, will be there.

When General Griffin's remains were removed from Galveston, a beggarly procession followed. A few days after General Kent's remains were also removed, and the entire city turned out to do the dead man honor. The first was a bureau tyrant; the latter a soldier and a gentleman.

We recently showed, says the New York *World*, that there were not less than 50,000 persons now out of employment in this city, and it will be seen by a report which we print elsewhere, that at least 10,000 men are out of work, with no immediate prospect of anything to do, in Brooklyn.

On New Year's day, in Washington, Mr. Noble Hurdle, a very old gentleman, residing in Georgetown, took the President by the hand and said: "God bless you, Mr. President. I have shaken the hand of every President from Washington's time, and now, sir, I am happy to shake yours, the last President, but by no means the least."

The Columbus *Crisis* understands that Henry Clay Dean's brilliant work on political economy, now in press, is achieving a splendid success, and that the subscriptions for it have already reached an extraordinary number. Those who have seen the proof sheets commend the work as one of the very best ever issued.

There is great excitement in Vienna owing to the Emperor Francis Joseph having indicated his intention to attend a merchants' ball in citizen's clothes. This important event is hailed by some people as a proof that his imperial majesty has definitely broken with his absolutist past, no other Austrian emperor having made his appearance in public in any but military dress.

The New York *Tribune* of Friday says: The family of Judge Richard Busteed received a telegram yesterday morning from Mobile, informing them that the Judge was on his deathbed, his case having been pronounced hopeless by the three physicians who were attending him. Mrs. Busteed and two children, a son and daughter, aged respectively thirteen and twenty-one years, and his brothers George and William H. Busteed, took the earliest train for the South.

Wm. Carey Jones, well known as a lawyer and old resident of San Francisco, died in that city on the 5th of November, aged fifty-one years. He was a native of Maine, learned the trade of a printer at Chillicothe, Ohio, and, about the year 1834, was a resident of Gallipolis, and publisher of a paper. After leaving Gallipolis, he went to Washington City as a clerk in a Government office and student at law, and married a daughter of Senator Thomas H. Benton. Henry Clay gave away the bride, and the wedding was one of the fashionable events of the time.

Among the dead of 1867 are N. P. Willis, Artemus Ward, Charles King, Fitz Greene Halleck, Alexander Smith and Victor Cousin; Governor Washington Hunt, Hon. Joseph A. Wright, Isaac Newton, Judge Swayne, Henry Dodge, Thomas Francis Meagher, John A. King, J. A. McDougall, John A. Andrew, Reuben H. Walworth and Sir Frederick Bruce; Rear Admiral Ringgold and Commodore Paulding; Prof. A. D. Bache, Michael Faraday and Lord Rosse; Maximilian, Soulouque, the ex-President of Hayti, Richard O'Gorman, sr., the Irish patriot, and Samuel Downing, the last surviving soldier of the Revolution.

Grant and A. T. Stewart.

New York Correspondence Philadelphia Ledger.)

One of the morning papers having announced that A. T. Stewart had in his possession a letter from General Grant, in which that distinguished officer had given his views at considerable length, on the various questions of the day, waited upon Mr. Stewart and inquired whether the statement was correct, and if so, whether he would not be good enough to let me make a copy of the document for the Philadelphia *Ledger*.

Mr. Stewart said he was quite busy just then, and had not the time to talk about it. Your correspondent gently intimated to him that he did not come to talk, but simply to ascertain whether General Grant had or had not written the letter, but the great merchant only repeated that he had no time to talk about it just then.

The wise man says there is a time for everything under the sun, but the wise man must be mistaken—or Mr. A. T. Stewart would have found time to satisfy the reasonable inquiries of one who was thus, in the interests of the public, pursuing knowledge under difficulties.

MEETING IN TOLEDO.

Rights of Foreign-born Citizens — Letter from Mr. Vallandigham.

A meeting to consider the rights of naturalized citizens was held in Toledo, Ohio, on the evening of the 28th ultimo. The first speaker was Hon. J. M. Ashley, who said that when we invite foreigners to our shores we are bound to protect them everywhere. Of what use, he asked, is our country's flag to a man whom it does not shield? It was for the people to decide in regard to these things. Let the agitation go on until the principles for which we contend become part of the laws of all nations.

Speeches were made by other gentlemen, and a letter from Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, avowing his sympathy with the object of the meeting, was read. It was as follows:

DAYTON, Ohio, December 26, 1867.

To Messrs. John O'Neil, M. M. Goulden and P. H. Rice, Committee, etc.:

GENTLEMEN: Your note of the 19th instant, inviting me to be present at a public meeting in Toledo, to be held on Saturday evening, the 28th instant, to condemn the illegal imprisonment of our fellow citizens by foreign Governments, I have just received. While it would give me great pleasure to attend and participate in person, yet inasmuch as it is not out of my power to do so, allow me to submit a few suggestions upon the subject of your meeting.

The point, if I understand it, decided by the English Courts in Meany's case, is that one born a British subject, though naturalized by another country, may be arrested in Great Britain, and there tried, convicted and punished for words spoken or overt acts committed in that other country; and this upon the doctrine of perpetual national allegiance. In effect, therefore, it is held in England, that an Englishman or Irishman born, who, after naturalization here in due form of our law, may happen, as a Senator or Representative of the United States, to vote for a declaration of war against Great Britain, or for army, navy or supply bills in such war, may, if found at any time afterward in England, be there hanged, drawn and quartered for treason committed by such votes given in the American Congress. The simple statement of a doctrine like this, consigns it to utter condemnation here. And the question with us is not one of law, but of diplomacy, of statesmanship. The law of Europe is one way; the law of America the other. And the point has at last been reached when either Europe must consent to recede from her dogma, or America abandon her whole system of naturalization. By a negotiation, by treaty, therefore, in the first place I desire to see the old Continental and English claim renounced. *Nemo patriam exuere possit*, may be very good Latin, though not equal quite to Earl Chatham's *Nullus liber homo*, nor worth all the classics. Certainly it has authority and antiquity upon its side. But the world moves; and justice and right and sound policy are not to be sacrified to a dead language, or a maxim which nations have outlived, and which in the cosmopolitan times of steam navigation, railways and electric telegraphs, land, submarine, intercecanic, ought to become obsolete. America cannot now abandon her claim to naturalize the citizens and subjects of other Governments. Her early settlers did put off their country. She is the offspring of naturalization. Her whole settlement, population and progress to this day, are a standing negative of the doctrine of perpetual allegiance. Every citizen of the United States now is either a naturalized citizen or the son or descendant in some generation, of one who, at a former period was naturalized; and the only real "native Americans" among us are the aboriginal savages. The Constitution of the United States provides for naturalization; among our earliest acts of legislation were laws to carry out the constitutional provision and our whole policy has been a persistent execution of these laws. To us, our doctrine is of daily, extended and vital importance. To Europe, her maxim is of but casual and most limited application; unless, indeed, she shall forbid emigration as to those yet at home, and, as to others, demand rendition, or by sheriffs and posses, or by fleets and armies, attempt recapture of her migrating millions, who, practically, have put off their native countries, to assume allegiance to ours.

Nor can the United States for one moment omit to extend the same precise measure of protection, at home and abroad, to naturalized and native citizens alike. And should all peaceable means fail, England, herself, by her present Abyssinian expedition, made up of fleet and army, with cannon, musket and sword, to rescue her subjects from unjust and illegal imprisonment, is now indicating, with sufficient clearness, the final means of enforcing the reciprocal right of citizens to receive, and the duty of governments to give protection. But I am satisfied that if our Government shall become totally in earnest in the matter, and exert itself with promptitude and vigor, not only will the American citizens now suffering unjust and illegal imprisonment in foreign countries be set free, but the question itself, of international law, which for so long has vexed us, be finally adjusted by recognition of the doctrine and practice upon which our whole country and Government were founded.

This is not a Fenian question, not a mere Irish question even; but one in which all naturalized citizens, in whatsoever country born, are concerned. To the German especially, whose Government demands of him military service, it is of great and personal interest; while every native born patriot must feel profoundly the duty of maintaining the honor and justice of his own country and government, which by conferring citizenship and demanding obedience, has in this most solemn form promised protection, speedy and absolute, to her naturalized as to her native citizens, all over the globe.

I write hastily, gentlemen; but whether a private citizen or in official position, I will maintain the soundness and justness of the sentiments which I have expressed.

Very truly, etc.,

C. L. VALLANDIGHAM.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

Brent geese are a dollar and a half a pair at Bay St. Louis.

Some buildings of small value were destroyed by an incendiary fire at Vicksburg, Tuesday night.

Hon. W. A. Tucker, of Monroe county, died on Friday, of heart disease, in his sixty-fourth year.

John U. McAllister, an estimable young man of Aberdeen, died on Friday, aged twenty-seven years.

A detachment of soldiers left Columbus Sunday night to quell a reported disturbance at Macon.

A $300 mirror in Spengle's saloon at Jackson fell from its fastening Sunday, and was smashed to fragments.

In Hinds county in twenty-two months, marriage licences have been issued for 1000 colored and 600 white persons.

The Aberdeen *Examiner* puts in a plea for General Ord, whose acts, with the exception of the McCardle case, it considers almost blameless.

Judge Hill has issued a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Colonel Gatewood, of Arkansas, who has been imprisoned at Vicksburg four months by General Ord.

The negroes of Enterprise passed their Christmas in a very commendable manner.

Mr. Theilgaard has become sole proprietor of the Enterprise *Star*, Mr. C. H. Wilson retiring.

Simon Dunham, a horse thief, was arrested last week in Monroe county by "Old Uncle Tom," a faithful freedman, and has been sent to Columbus for trial by a military commission.

The Bay of St. Louis *Gazette* says: "Any white man who wants to obtain work, such as cutting wood, ditching, spading, etc., and wants the public to know that he is always ready to do such labor, can advertise to that effect in the *Gazette* free of charge. We will do the same for any industrious negro of good character."

There were destructive fires at Vicksburg Sunday morning and night. In the second fire the new brick store of Mr. T. J. Fletcher, who was absent in New Orleans, was destroyed, and two of his clerks have been arrested. Several accidents—none very serious—occurred during these fires, at which a number of soldiers of the 24th infantry, did exemplary service.

A cold-blooded murder, says the Columbus *Index*, was committed at Artesia, on Christmas night, by a young man, named Marion Flanegin, on the person of John E. Young, a youth of eighteen or twenty, and for some years a resident of Columbus. The circumstances adduced from the testimony of witnesses seem to be these: On the night in question a small party gathered for holiday enjoyment, Flanegin being one of the several young men present. While the fun was at its hight, Young asked permission of the man of the house to enter the room masked. Some of the young ladies being, or pretending to be frightened, at his appearance, screamed out, and appealed to Flanegin for protection. Young immediately pulled down his mask to calm their fears, and as he did so Flanegin fired a pistol in his face, inflicting a horrible wound, from the effects of which the unhappy youth died the next day. The murderer then, without any provocation, or assignable cause, proceeded to empty his repeater at two or three other men in the room, firing several loads, without, however, doing any other damage. The spectators of this strange scene could assign no reason for it, save that Flanegin must have been under the influence of liquor.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

The Latest Inielligence from Mexico.

Juarez Inaugurates a Special Session of Congress.

The Departure of the English Legation.

Samaria to be Sold to the United States.

Rumors and Gossip from Washington.

NEW YORK, January 6.—A Havana special, dated the 5th, states that Vera Cruz advices of the 1st bring city of Mexico dates of December 31st.

Siegueir, with 1,500 troops, had sailed for Yucatan, to suppress a revolution there. The expedition was under the command of General Alatoore.

Juarez was inaugurated at an extraordinary session of Congress on the 25th ult.

In the duel between Colonels Mejia and Garcia the latter was fatally wounded.

Colonel Barron had arrived to arrange the affairs of the great Barron estate.

The Vicar of Cuernanaca had been driven from there.

Morales, who had been kidnapped by brigands, paid sixty thousand dollars for his ransom.

Congress was meditating measures to surprise the brigands.

The English legation left the City of Mexico for Vera Cruz December 20th.

The American Charge d'Affairs has taken possession of his office, and gave a banquet to the American Legion of Honor on Christmas day.

General Vicanes is suspected of having influenced a member of Congress to work in favor of a general amnesty.

A Richmond special says the convention favors paying the national debt.

The County Court system of Virginia will be remodled on the plan of that in the Northern States in lieu of the present magistracy.

A Washington special states that Senor Pujal has arrived, with full power to sell the bay and peninsula of Samaria to the United States on easy and advantageous terms. A majority of the Dominican people favor the sale.

A. H. Stewart, formerly Secretary of the Interior under Fillmore, responds to an invitation to be present at a banquet on the 8th instant, that he is disfranchised; has not the same privileges of his negro servants, and says he will be happy to meet his fellow-patriots when the shackles shall be stricken from the limbs of Virginia and other Southern States.

A *Tribune* special says the Ways and Means Committee are satisfied that unless the wealthy whisky ring in New York is broken up, it is useless to pass laws for the collection of revenue.

NEW YORK, January 6—12:05 p.m.—Gold opened at 137¾, at 10:30 was 135¾, and at noon was unchanged. Cotton dull and prices lower; middling, 16¼@16½c; Orleans, 17½c. Exchange steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—1:20 p.m.—Cotton dull; declined ⅛d; sales, 10,000 bales; uplands, 7⅜d; Orleans, 7⅝d.

ALABAMA ITEMS.

Bishop Weightman preached his farewell sermon at Greensboro last Sunday. He removes to Charleston.

Mr. L. Coleman, of Eufaula, was painfully injured, and, it is feared, permanently crippled, on the 27th ultimo, by the upsetting of his buggy.

A negro shot a mulatto in Greenville, the other day, for refusing to marry him. He was afterward shot and killed for resisting arrest.

William Todd, a negro preacher, was fined two dollars at Huntsville, week before last, for stealing Latin, Greek and other books and philosophical apparatus from the Female College.

At Silver Run, on New Year's day, Peter Yarborough, a grocery store keeper, was murdered in his bed and his store afterwards burned. It is supposed that plunder was the object of the murder, and that he burned the house to prevent detection.

A negro in Henry county went last week to the house of a respectable family named McKissick, and seizing a young lady, dragged her from the premises into the wood, outraged her person, and then broke her skull with a pine knot. He was arrested and acknowledged the horrible crime.

The Montgomery *Mail* thus explains Pope's order of December 27, against military organizations, although he had long known that such did exist among the negroes: "A party of well known and respectable white Unionists of this city applied for permission to organize a white company, under the laws of the State, but rather than to allow the whites any such privilege, Pope, at the suggestion of Swayne, issued an order prohibiting all such military organizations."

Of the affair in Bullock county, the Union Springs *Times* says: "The investigation, continued patiently and laboriously by Judge McCall for two days, developed the existence of a most alarming organization among these deluded victims of wicked men and designing men—an organization well calculated to lead to the most deplorable consequences. The prisoners had the benefit of counsel and every facility to defend themselves. The result was that the ringleaders were sentenced to prison, the less prominent fined, while the younger and more inexperienced were discharged, after a sound practical lecture by the Judge, which it is to be hoped they will never forget."

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Dissolution.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 1st, 1868.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of Barnett, Gould & Blakemore, expires this day by limitation. Either member of the said firm is being allowed to sign the name of the firm in liquidation only.

G. M. BARNETT.
JAS. W. GOULD.
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jal

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FOR RENT—A good dwelling store, No. 326 Front street, corner of Front and Adams. Apply to WILLIAM BROS & CO., jan 329 Main street.

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FOR RENT—House No. 33 Court street, containing sixteen rooms. Possession given immediately. JOHN C. HEAZLITT, jan 45½ Main-st. street.

FOR RENT—A House containing six rooms, No. 261 Union street; a House containing eight rooms, No. 263 Union street; a Store containing eight rooms, with fixtures and attached; a House on Forrest street, with fifteen rooms and attached; a House on Court street, with seven rooms and attached. Most of these houses have all the modern conveniences. Apply to SIMON MERKEWETHER, jan 20 Union street.

FOR RENT—My late residence on Tennessee Avenue, between Jefferson and Lauderdale streets. The house contains seven rooms in perfect order; has a well of water, a cistern, and a large [illegible] attached; will be rented low to a small family without children. Apply to H. WAGENER, jan 39½ Main street.

FOR RENT—A neat Cottage House with nine rooms; will rent low to a small family without children. Also, one with four rooms. No. 10 Fourth street for $10 per month. Apply to W. L. DUFF, jan 15 West Court street.

FOR RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE containing six rooms, with kitchen and cistern; also, a half acre of land attached; good garden; cow-pen and shed from Court square to Poplar street. Apply to GEORGE W. BAXTER, jan 114 Court street.

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FOR RENT—A new and splendid store under the new Opera building, corner Main and Monroe streets. Also, a store on Adams street, next door to Opera House. Also, a store in rear of Monroe street, and a fine lot of cellars, corner of Monroe and Second streets. Apply to W. MERRICK, jan 3 Monroe street.

FOR RENT—The Two Story Brick on Court street, between Two Story Row, on under the Gayoso Hotel. A large Warehouse and Office will be rented low to suit the times. Apply to W. MERRICK, jan 3 Monroe street.

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FOR RENT—The new and commodious Store No. 39 Howard's Row, on Main street, next door to Gayoso House. Apply to W. L. DUFF, jan 15 West Court street.

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REWARDS.

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FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—CHINA STORE.—We offer for sale our entire stock of China, Glass and Queensware, etc., also, Store and Fixtures, as we intend to close out. We will sell Entire or part of stock only. If desired, will lease or sell the store for a term of years. For particulars, apply to J. DOUGLASS & CO., dec 6 north side of Court Square, between Main and Second streets, Memphis, Tenn.

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I WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME, TWO OF THE FINEST RESIDENCES IN THE CITY, suitable for residences, gardens, etc.; also, TWO OF THE BEST FARMS in the county with good houses VERY MODERATE. Call soon and take your choice.

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SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—John E. Leech has retired from the firm of Sm th & Leech. jan5

NOTICE.—Persons having claims against MANCOURT & HEYSON, will inform me of the same and amount, by the 10th of January, 1868. T. W. BROWN, jan Trustee.

NOTICE.—All persons herein interested, are notified that the undersigned will apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs. M. G. Polk, deceased, at the next term of the Shelby County Court. JAMES K. POLK. P. H. THORPE, Attorney. jan

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the January term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, I will make application to be appointed guardian of Miss Myrtle M. LeRose. [dec] JOHN SOMERVELL.

NOTICE—The ST. CHARLES HOTEL, New Orleans, La., during the summer, has been thoroughly renovated, additions made to the furniture, and on the first of November the Restaurant will be abandoned and the Table d'Hote proper will be served as heretofore for the patronage of the Hotel for past favors and resume them and the public that will be kept in a manner to insure their approval. O. E. HALL. oct7

TUESDAY, : : : : : : JANUARY 7, 1868

DURING the holidays the extremists of the Radical party have not been idle. SCHENCK, CHANDLER and others, harangued the negroes at Richmond; a reverend incendiary named CONWAY, at New Orleans. In Charleston processions were formed and marched through the streets; those forming them indulged in the most insulting language, during their progress through the city, toward the Southern whites. The responsibility of such demonstrations should attach to where it properly belongs—to the revolutionists and fanatics, who incite the negroes and hold the power of their party in the hollow of their hands. Not long since Senator WILSON, of Massachusetts, addressed a congratulatory letter to a prominent negro leader of Virginia, recognizing him as a "man and brother," and impressing upon him the idea that upon his race depended the salvation and perpetuation of Radicalism; that no obstacle, however great, should for a moment deter them from acting squarely up to this political "necessity,"—for it is a necessity. And this he calls governmental wisdom. If Mr. WILSON has not, himself, found out that hammering lap-stones and cobbling the wornout shoes of his honest neighbors is not the theater in which statesmen are trained, there are those who have, and among them are all who are familiar with his political record. His speeches in the Senate are the vapid declamations of a crazy fanatic—mere collections of insensate trash—as comparable to the forecast of the political philosopher as the ravings of a bedlamite to the ratiocination of a NEWTON or a LOCKE. The "man and brother," to whom this political bolstering up is administered, is only known to fame as "My dear sir"—an appellation which runs through almost every line of this masterly exposition of Radical faith upon the reconstruction question. The object of this and similar efforts to stiffen the backbone of the negro in his new political association, is patent. The mind of the North has spoken out and, with a voice well nigh approaching unanimity, has pronounced against all political and social miscegenation. The blacks have been told by the noisy blatherskites sent among them by the Radical party, to enlighten them as to their newly acquired rights, that the *people* of the North—the men who clove their way through fire and steel to win for them the precious boon of freedom—were ready to accord to them all the rights and immunities with which the Constitution had invested their late masters, and that the whites of the South, now disfranchised and powerless—were the only impediments to the immediate enjoyment of those rights and immunities. To this end, conventions were to be held and constitutional amendments rushed through, before legislation could be had to remove the disabilities resting upon the white electors of the South. In many States this nefarious plot to fasten the chains of an eternal servitude upon a brave and suffering people, has been hurried through the first stage. The egg has been laid in Alabama and other States, from which the viper's brood of stupid and malicious legislation is to issue forth; but these enactments cannot have the binding force of law until they are referred back to the people and receive their solemn sanction. The black—unreasoning as he is—does think sometimes, and when GREELEY, SUMNER, STEVENS, WILSON, *et id omne genus*, are compelled to blubber out their defeat to him, it begins to "crawl through his hair" that something is wrong. The only way of perpetuating the power of the Radical party lies in *disfranchising* the whites, and *enfranchising* the blacks, of the South. Radicalism dead in the North, and [illegible] inspirators feel in every [illegible] its festering carcass but

exhilts the scavenger to bear it to the sewer of its birth, whose foetid and unwholesome vapors alone gave it its bloated proportions. The efforts now put forth to Africanize the South are nerved by the energy which is born of despair. This is their only stronghold—their "last ditch." When the cause of the North, in her effort to compass our subjugation, was almost at its last gasp, the blacks, lured on by specious promises of freedom and equality, came to its rescue. The war chieftains of the Radical party are again calling for reinforcements from their old allies.

A MEETING has been called of the citizens of Memphis of foreign birth, to assemble on the ninth, at the City Hall, "for the purpose of placing before the United States Government the necessity of enforcing, as well as establishing, the naturalization laws of this country, as laid down and adopted by this Government." "The participation of the American people is earnestly looked for." The quotations we have made will explain the character of the meeting, which has been called by some of our most prominent native as well as foreign born citizens. There is no one who has an American heart that can object to it. It is designed to insist that not only Americans by nativity, but those who have complied with and conformed to our law of naturalization, shall be protected by the flag of the country, wherever they may be, no matter if it be on the soil whereon they were born, and where the government proclaims that none of its natives can expatriate themselves. It is not yet forgotten that Captain INGRAHAM distinguished himself by covering MARTIN KOZTA with the American flag when claimed by Austria and restrained of his liberty. It was contended that the American officer exceeded his mission because KOZTA had only declared his intention to become an American citizen, and had not fulfilled the compact by taking out his final papers. The national feeling of our countrymen burned brightly in their breasts, and they fully sustained Captain INGRAHAM, whose resolute conduct secured the release of KOZTA as an acknowledgement of American rights and the respect due to our nationality. The disturbances that have filled the British Government with apprehension, have at the same time rendered the Irish-Americans liable to arrest who may find it convenient and desire to visit their relations in "the old country." They have been, in repeated instances, subjected to inconveniences and annoyances, deprived of their liberty and even their lives imperiled. Our Government owes it to those who have sought our shores, and incorporated themselves with our citizens, to speak firmly and decisively its determination to protect our foreign born citizens abroad, no matter under whose flag they may be temporarily sojourning. Some governments claim so many years' military service of those who may be born their subjects, and although one born beneath their flag should be brought to the United States, even in infancy, he is still held subject to that military duty, if found within the jurisdiction of the potentate of his native land. The meeting of the 9th is announced to draw our best citizens together to remonstrate against our Government tolerating any such iniquity and injustice, and to *demand* that the soft and soothing language of diplomacy shall be discarded, when the life or liberty of our countrymen abroad, either native or naturalized, or who has declared his intention to become a citizen, is invaded or put in jeopardy. We trust that the meeting may be largely attended, and be conducted with the severe discretion and intelligence of men,

"Who know their rights, and knowing, dare maintain."

OUR "whoop" of Saturday morning in reference to the publication of the "Letter List" has awakened our drowsy old neighbor of the *Appeal* from its Rip Van Winkle lethargy. We knew the *Appeal* had the right to publish it, but it would never have ascertained that fact had we not drawn its attention to it. Our neighbor is usually twenty four hours behind time. The Louisville *Journal* says the editor of the *Appeal* dallies with great thoughts as Jove did with thunderbolts. We attempted only to sport with the Letter List of the Memphis postoffice, never supposing for a moment that one of these thunderbolts would be hurled at our heads for so humble a cause. We are both humiliated and surprised; humiliated because we have aroused the ire of so great and powerful a cotemporary, and surprised because our "fearful adversary" has appropriated to its columns a word which its readers would never have given it a personal patent for. That word was "modesty," with an interrogation point attached, alluding to what we had said about the postoffice list. Possibly the *Appeal's* word "modesty" may be taken from it in after times, by a discriminating public, but the interrogatory will ever stand as a monument to the bashful disposition of our tremendous neighbor. We feel the castigation keenly, and will never provoke it again. Neighbor, play with the postoffice list as you do with your "great thoughts," and our country may be "happy yet," although, just now, considerable doubts exist about it.

THE article in the *Bulletin* of Sunday last, in reply to what we said regarding its course in the late municipal contest, is so completely overwhelming, that, for the life of us, we cannot find courage to respond. It is a strange fact, but perhaps true, nevertheless, that the *Bulletin* strongly advocated and urged the claims of Mr. LEETWICH for the Mayoralty, although it never said so—never even so much as intimated it in a word or line. To reconcile these antagonistic statements would ordinarily be a very difficult task; but in this case its the *Bulletin*, and under its manipulation it is simply the re-enactment of a feat which it has performed in other elections, perfectly dazzling in its mystery to the public and overpowering to its contemporaries.

Spain has issued a decree recognizing the courts of law in Cuba.

H. S. Routh & Co., one of the oldest and most extensive firms in Montreal, suspended Saturday.

The cotton tax will be first subject of discussion in the Senate next week.

In Atlanta, Georgia, on Thursday, a negro woman murdered her infant child by strangulation.

Post No. 1 of the Grand Army of the Republic in Washington have nominated General Grant for the Presidency.

Joseph Aspinall, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Detroit, died at that place Saturday.

The judicial election at Nashville Saturday was a black affair, the whites pretty generally refraining from voting.

The naturalized citizens of Nashville will hold an indignation meeting at the capitol on Wednesday.

Leavitt & Bevis, dry goods merchants, Fourth street, Cincinnati, have suspended. Their liabilities are not known.

The Democracy of Cincinnati have declared their preference for Judge Thurman for United States Senator.

Sylvester G. Sherman, Associate Justice of the Rhode Island Supreme Court, died suddenly Friday evening in Providence.

The Swiss Government has formally expressed its sympathy with the Liberal Government of Mexico.

Consul General Averill, who has been spending a few months in the United States, has returned to his consular duties in Montreal.

The Conservative Executive Committee of North Carolina has called a State Convention of Conservatives to meet at Raleigh on the fifth of February, 1868.

A general shooting affair occurred at Water Valley, Mississippi, a few days since, in which Mr. Eleck Robinson's arm was broken by a pistol shot.

A collision occurred on the Mobile and Ohio railroad at Trenton, on Wednesday, which resulted in a big scare among the passengers, and heavy loss in property to the company.

The Mobile *Register and Advertiser* says Mrs. Wilson, an equestrienne, attached to Robinson's circus, and known to the public as M'lle Alice, was drowned a few days ago. The company went to New Orleans on the steamer Laura, and on the way over Mrs. Wilson accidentally dropped a valuable diamond cross overboard, and, according to her husband's statement, in snatching for it she lost her balance, fell overboar and was drowned.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Disastrous Fire at Indianola, Texas—Immense Loss of Property.

Proceedings of the Louisiana Convention.

Highly Interesting Proceedings in both Houses of Congress.

Vote of Thanks to Gen. Hancock Tabled.

Resolutions Passed Condemnatory of the President.

Eight Hour Bill Passed by the House.

The Cotton Tax Under Consideration in the Senate.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 6.

The House to-day passed a variety of bills.

A resolution was introduced to create a local steamboat inspector's office at Cairo, and to make St. Joseph, Missouri, a port of delivery. Also, one to authorize the clerks of Courts of Records to administer oaths in bankruptcy.

Mr. Upson, of Michigan, introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Reconstruction to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the several Constitutional Conventions elected under the Reconstruction acts, in the States lately in rebellion, to appoint all civil officers, whether State or county, in said States, to act temporarily and until the State Constitutions shall be adopted therein, and officers shall be chosen and qualified to fill said offices, and that for this purpose said Conventions may remove all civil officers now acting in said States, etc. Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, moved to amend the resolution by adding "to instruct the Reconstruction Committee to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the General of the army to detail officers of the army for service in said States, and also to inquire into the expediency of constituting said States, each a separate Military district under the command of the General of the army, and also as to the expediency of providing additional legislation to secure the elective franchise to all, and also to declare by act of Congress that the Provisional governments set up in said States by order of the acting President are not Republican in their forms of government. Upson accepted the amendment. Chandler, of New York moved to lay the whole subject upon the table, which was not agreed to. Yeas, 28; nays, 66. The resolutions were then adopted.

Mr. Eldridge offered a resolution of thanks to General Hancock, in accordance with the President's message, which was tabled by a vote of 85 to 28.

Mr. Washburne offered a resolution declaring that the House utterly condemns the conduct of Andrew Johnson, acting President, for his action in removing that gallant soldier, Gen. Sheridan, from command of the Fifth military district, and that the thanks of the House are due to General Grant for his letter of August last condemning the act of the said acting President for his removal of Secretary Stanton, as well as to the indorsement of Sheridan in relation to affairs in the State of Texas, which was adopted—yeas, 82; nays, 23.

The bill making eight hours a day's work was passed.

A measure for expediting the payment of bounties then occupied the House until 8½ adjournment.

In the Senate, a memorial was presented favoring a steamship line hence to Liberia.

Also, one by Mr. Sumner, from the negroes of Elizabeth City, North Carolina, stating that the land owners were driving them from the land which their industry had purchased, and asking redress.

Norton, of Indiana, introduced a bill compelling full prosecutions for violations of the Revenue laws, and forbidding compromises.

The case of Mr. Thomas, Senator elect from Maryland, was then taken up, discussed and postponed.

The Cotton Tax also came up, and was postponed until to-morrow.

The anti-Contraction bill also came up and was postponed with the understanding that it comes up immediately after the disposition of the Cotton Tax, after which the Senate adjourned.

The pressure to employ the negroes in rebuilding the Mississippi levees is becoming strong, and a large number of letters have been received by officials urging it. The President has received a dispatch from Mobile signed by many lawyers, asking him to appoint E. Grandin in place of Martin, who shot Judge Busteed.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, January 6.

Information was received here to-day that all the business portion of Indianola, including the Custom house and some fifty other buildings, were destroyed by fire on the 3d instant. The fire was the work of an incendiary. Loss $100,000. No insurance.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, January 6.

The Convention to-day got as far as the twenty-first article of the Constitution. These articles are relative to the State legislature and the apportionment of representation.

Mrs. Aaron Prame, who lives three miles from Mount Vernon, Ohio, had a litter of babies, consisting of three boys and two girls, on the third inst. The babies are thriving, and the father is as well as could be expected.

In Gallatin, Tennessee, an injunction has been issued by Judge Campbell, restraining the newly elected Radical officers from assuming control of the municipal government, on the ground of gross illegality in the election.

Orth, of Indiana, of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, will next week introduce a resolution calling upon the Government to demand the release of Father McMahon, a naturalized American citizen, now imprisoned in Canada upon the charge of being a Fenian raider.

The Louisiana Reconstruction Convention will probably adjourn for want of funds. The State Auditor and Treasurer have been notified not to pay the public printers or other creditors of the convention until the officers and members themselves shall be paid.

A horrible affair has just been developed in St. Louis. Two hospital officials and a former driver of an ambulance wagon have been trafficking in dead bodies, sending them to the medical college at Ann Arbor, Michigan, packed in barrels, and marked "cider."

The statement that General Banks is preparing an elaborate report on the rights of American naturalized citizens abroad, is incorrect. The subject has not yet been before the House Foreign Committee, the present recess of Congress having interfered with its consideration.

An elderly man named Peter Zeiter, a resident of Reading, Pennsylvania, was arrested at Harrisburg on Friday night, charged with publishing and selling a libelous book. It was a black list of citizens of Harrisburg, who were indiscriminately put down as poor pay for honest debts contracted. He was bound over to appear at court, as was also a citizen who gave him some names.

Last Tuesday evening a deplorable difficulty occurred at Bolivar between W. C. Masbburn and James Mitchell, during the course of which the former gentleman was fired upon by the latter four times with a large Colt's repeater; two of the shots took effect, one in the region of the lower part of the abdomen, the other in the left arm, near the elbow. The first wound spoken of was the one that caused the death of the unfortunate man, who expired at his residence, after great suffering, Wednesday evening at about half past six o'clock.

The opinion of Hon. A. S. Colyar, special Judge, in the cases of several parties against the Bank of Tennessee, to subject that institution to the payment of notes of the Exchange Bank of Murfreesboro, to the amount of the bonds deposited in the State Bank to secure the circulation of free banks of Tennessee, of which the Exchange Bank was one, appears in the Nashville *Dispatch*. But few other of these free banks were in a similar position, and special facts occur in these cases that may be inapplicable to others; but the general principles discussed and decided by Judge Colyar will attract general and deserved attention. The national bank system is generally conceived to rest upon these same principles, and the discussion may have a national as well as a local bearing and interest. The question will go to the Supreme Court, and possibly to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Notice.

THERE is no one authorized to make debts against the steamer FLORA but A. J. WALTZ, and that in person or order. jan ALEXANDER DOYLE, R. F. WALTZ, Owners.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE Railroad Line.

COMMENCING JANUARY 6TH, 1868, trains will leave Memphis as follows:

Morning Express ..... 7:00 a.m.
Evening Express ..... 3:00 p.m.

Railroad time, which is fifteen minutes faster than city time

Both Trains Run Through to Louisville without Change of Cars,

And make direct connection with Jeffersonville railroad

For all Eastern and Northern Cities.

Evening train from Memphis connects with U. S. Mail Line steamer, running double daily steamers between Louisville and Cincinnati.

Passengers by Evening Trains reach Nashville at 6:40 a.m.; Cairo at 4:00 a.m., and St. Louis at 2:00 p.m., next day.

36 to 48 Hours Quicker Than by Boat.

Trains arrive at Memphis at 9:15 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

For tickets apply at No. 257 1-2 Main street, or at Depot, head of Main street.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH to all Important Northern and eastern Cities.

A. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA H. L., Passenger Agent. jan7

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Merchants' National Bank OF MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 6th, 1868.

RESOURCES.

Notes and Bills Discounted	$679 575 89
United States Bonds for securing Circulation	160,000 00
Banking House and Fixtures	25,000 00
Overdrafts	7,775 18
Premiums	1,781 62
Due from banks and Bankers	75,514 92
Bills in hands of Correspondents for Collection	10 041 85
Cash on hand, viz:	
Legal Tenders	$68,755 00
National Bank Notes	3,025 00
Cash Items, Revenue Stamps, etc	3,481 50
Specie	1,007 34 — 81 054 84
	$1,078,592 31

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Circulation	72,900 00
Due Depositors	202,571 46
Due Banks and Bankers	150 00
Surplus Fund	30,000 00
Net Profit and Loss	19,962 06
	$1,078,592 31

A dividend of five per cent. free of Government tax was this day declared by the Board of Directors, and will be paid on and after the 10th inst.

J. J. FREEMAN, jan7 Cashier.

House and Lot for Sale.

I WILL sell at private sale, if desired, or if not sold at private sale, will sell at auction,

On Friday, January 10, 1868,

At ten o'clock in the morning a lot of ground on S cond street between Jackson and Alabama. Fort Pickering, being known as No. 37, together with a one and a half (1½) story House thereon. The house contains four rooms with a passage six (6) feet wide running the entire depth; two of the rooms down stairs and two up stairs. Attached to the house is a kitchen, a cellar, remodeled and bricked, a cistern and stable, with room for two horses. Everything new and complete—just having been built this year. The house is now insured for $1200. Terms of sale easy. Deferred payments secure by deed of Trust on the property. Title guaranteed. For further information apply to A. NEWTON, JR. ANT, dec22 Attorney, etc., No. 42 Madison street.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss

THIS is to give notice that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

DAVID KENDALL,

of Paris, in the county of Henry and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that he may be present at any debts and deliver any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Trenton, Tennessee, before S. W. Hatchett, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1868, at two o'clock p.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 6th day of January, A. D. 1868

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal as Messenger,
By J. B. BINGHAM, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. jan7

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss

THIS is to give notice, that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

JOSEPH W. POWELL,

of Paris, in the county of Henry and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Trenton, Tennessee, before S. W. Hatchett, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock m. Memphis, Tenn., 6th day of January, A. D. 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. B. BINGHAM, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. jan7

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss

THIS is to give notice that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

WILLIAM W. PERRINS,

of Paris, in the county of Henry, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Trenton, Tennessee, before S. W. Hatchett, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock m. Memphis, Tenn., 6th day of January, A. D. 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. B. BINGHAM, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. jan7

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss

THIS is to give notice that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

ABNER McCOLLUM,

of Trezevant, in the county of Carroll and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Trenton, Tennessee, before S. W. Hatchett, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1868, at two o'clock p.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 6th day of January, A. D. 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
By J. B. BINGHAM, Western District of Tennessee.
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. jan7

Merchants and Farmers

GREAT DRY GOODS SALE!

MENKEN BROTHERS

Offer their Entire Stock of

DRY GOODS

AT A

GREAT SACRIFICE,

CONSISTING OF

Osnaburgs,
Linseys,
Domestics,
Jeans,
Boots and Shoes.

FINE ASSORTM'T OF BED BLANKETS

Our Importation of

Fine Empress Cloths and Poplins

MUCH LESS THAN COST.

Complete Outfits for Brides. jan3

DR. W. R. HODGES,

OFFICE No. 39 Adams street (in rear of Gray's drug store), having so far as his drug store will in future devote his entire time and energies to the practice of his profession, and can be found at his office day and night. jan

J. M. PATRICK & CO.,

Cotton Factors and Commission MERCHANTS,

No. 254 Front Street, up stairs,

Over Harris, Cochran & Co.'s.

PROMPT attention paid to all business intrusted to us. Special attention given to filling orders a Bagging, Iron Ties or Rope furnished customers at lowest market prices. jan

HAIR GOODS AT NEW YORK PRICES

MRS. L. GUILMARD,

No. 62 1-2 Jefferson Street,

HAS just arrived from New York with a fine assortment of HAIR GOODS, which she will sell at the Lowest New York Prices.

No. 62 1-2 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn. qos

A Card.

HAVING sold my Drug Store, No. 59 Adams street, to W. P. GRAY, I bespeak for him the patronage of my friend, Knowing him to be a worthy and competent gentleman. W. R. HODGES, M. D. jan5

W. P. GRAY,

DRUGGIST,

No. 59 Adams Street.

KEEPS constantly on hand everything in the Drug line. Prescriptions carefully Compounded, night or day. jan

EDWARD C. JONES,

ARCHITECT,

Walker Block, 279 1-2 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

nov

For Sale Cheap!

A SECOND HAND ENGINE, with Roller and Fixtures complete. Engine with cylinder 12 inches, with 24 inch stroke; usually termed thirty six horse power. In complete order. Apply now at the Marion stores of the Front Street. Southwestern Freight and Cotton Press Company.

L. M. MERRITT, dec3 Assistant Superintendent.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager ..... W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager ..... SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer ..... C. D. STRINGER

FIRST NIGHT OF THE GREAT TRAGEDIAN,

EDWIN BOOTH!

Supported by

MISS MARY McVICKER.

TUESDAY EVENING, January 7, 1868, will be performed Shakespeare's play of ROMEO AND JULIET. Romeo—Edwin Booth. Juliet—Miss Mary McVicker.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Doors open at a quarter past seven; Curtain rises quarter before eight.

General Admission, $1; Reserved Seats 50 cents extra; Third Tier and Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents. Seats can be secured six days in advance.

VARIETIES THEATER.

CORNER OF MAIN AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

CHAS. H. H BROOM ..... Lessee and Proprietor.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY OF TALENT AT THE TEMPLE OF FUN!

MISS HELEN DeVERE,
MISS MAUD DELASCO,
MISS KATE PARTINGTON.

GRAND BALLET OF TWELVE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG LADIES, under the direction of Miss FANNIE WILLIAMS, the Fairy Queen.

JOHNNY HART and OSCAR WILLIS, the King and Prince of Ringdian Minstrelsy.

TONY BENTON, the Irish Lad.

Admission, 50 cents; | Private Boxes, $5.00

Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 7½ o'clock. jan

DAN CASTELLO'S GREAT SHOW!

IN CONJUNCTION WITH

Van Amburgh & Barnum's Museum,

COLLECTION OF ANIMALS.

AN enormous moral combination of instruction and refined amusement, will exhibit in MEMPHIS for FIVE DAYS,

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

January 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th, 1868, under the immense New Pavilion, for One Price of Admission,

On the Vacant Lot on Union Street, bet. 2d and 4th

FIRST PERFORMANCE TUESDAY NIGHT.

BARNUM'S DEPARTMENT—Natural History.

Combines a great number of specimens of various descriptions and character in the school of Natural History, which have been collected at the expense of the largest survey, investigation research, and the most lavish outlay of money.

VAN AMBURGH'S DEPARTMENT,

Consists (with numerous additions) of the entire Van Amburgh Zoological Collection, comprising hundreds of the rarest and most beautiful Wild Beasts, Birds, and Reptiles from every section of the known world.

DAN CASTELLO'S DEPARTMENT,

Comprising Dan Castello's Great (3 ring, composed of the most distinguished lumiuaries in the Equestrian profession, comprising the less Male and Female Riders. A great Gratuitous Exhibition characterizes the Entree of our Establishment in every place.

A BRILLIANT STREET PAGEANT,

In this Grand Cavalcade and moving Pictures will appear a series of the most elaborate by finished Chariots, gorgeously decorated Platform Cars, artistically finished Cages and Dens containing the whole of the Zoological Collection. The Band Chariot, of original design and most exuberant decoration, called the Temple of Apollo, is a Gothic erected like Grecian Temple, consisting of over one hundred and fifty musicians, richly clad in Scarlet Shell Jackets, with their Banners, Pensions and Insignia, and accompanied by their Leaders in Costume of Medieval Age—all preceding the Chariot of the Queen of the Procession a large living Lion, borne on the elevated platform of the splendid Caravan Chariot, loose, unchained, untrammeled and free in the public streets. This sights forms the Great Sensation of the times.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.—First Season in America of the Great Parisian Artiste and Equestrienne, Sale of Tickets Empurtaile, MA'EMOISELLE PAULINE, and the Child Wonder, LITTLE MINNIE, the youngest and most perfect Equestrienne performer in the world, whose remarkable skill and powers have excited the admiration of thousands of Europeans from the Press of the Public. Also, Mr. CHARLES FISH, the Great Barback Rider.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—In order to accommodate families, and parties with ladies, who wish to avoid the late table crush at the ticket wagon, Tickets can be had at the Gayoso, Commercial and Worsham Hotels.

Children, under ten years, 50 cents.

Two performances daily—Afternoon at 2 o'clock; Evening at 7 o'clock. jan

Trustee's Sale of Valuable Lands Near Macon, Tenn.

BY virtue of a decree of trust executed on the 8th day of October, 1867, by Judith Osborne to Geo. L. Harris in his lifetime, and duly recorded in the Register's office of Fayette county, Tennessee, in Book W, pages 284 and 285, for the benefit of Thomas R. Crenshaw and others; and by authority of a decree of the Circuit Court of Fayette county, rendered at the October term, 1867, by which I was appointed trustee to execute said trust, I, as the successor of Jesse L. Harris, deceased, will proceed to sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Somerville, Tennessee, on the first Monday of February next, at twelve m., the following tracts of land conveyed in said deed, to wit: One tract lying in range 6 south of the base line, section 9, township 1 south, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of entry No. 484, for 300 acres, in the name of Wm. Ramsey, the heirs with its lines to a gum, the northwest corner, thence west 38 poles to a stone, thence south 160 poles to the northeast corner of Wm. Young's 200 acres, thence west 321 poles to a white oak, two pointers, thence south 40 poles to a stake, thence east 267 poles to Irvine's run, near a cane, thence south 80 poles to a stake, elm, gum and hickory pointers, thence east 54 poles to the beginning. Also a tract of land in said county, granted to the heirs of Lewis Irvine, in range 5 and 6, district 1, section 9, township 1 south, containing seven and a half acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: beginning at the northeast corner of entry No. 1121, in the name

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

TUESDAY, [illegible] JANUARY 7, 1868

Schedule and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	3:30 P.M.	3:50 P.M.
Grand Junction Accommodation	9:30 P.M.	10:35 A.M.
Mail connects at Grand Junction Daily, (Sundays excepted)	8:35 A.M.	4:40 P.M.

Ticket office, 275 Main, corner South Court street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	3:25 P.M.	4:10 P.M.
Way & Accommodation	10:00 A.M.	1:50 P.M.
Freight	2:15 P.M.	7:00 A.M.

Express runs daily. Accommodation and Freight daily except Sunday. Time to New Orleans 29 hours and 50 minutes.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	3:05 A.M.	7:30 A.M.
Night Express	5:15 P.M.	5:35 P.M.
Brownsville Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	4:30 P.M.

Railroad clocks 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 257½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

GALLAWAY, RHEA & CLUSKEY.

NOTICE.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE will settle this date (7th day of December, 1867) refuse to pay the individual bills of any person connected with the paper. No debts against the AVALANCHE will be paid unless they originate in the office.

FIRE.—The cabin of a negro named Robinson, on Poplar street, was burned on Saturday night.

ADMITTED.—In the Municipal Court yesterday H. N. Rankin, a negro, was admitted to practice at the bar of said court. The world moves.

COMMITTED.—Wm. Irwin was sent to jail yesterday by Squire Hall on the charge of stealing a carpet sack filled with clothing.

SWINISH.—Dan. Martin and Newton Neeley, both negroes, were sent to jail yesterday by Squire Miller, charged with trying to save the bacon of other people instead of their own.

WOOD THIEF.—Bob. Gregory, a negro, was committed to jail yesterday by Squire Miller, charged with selling wood to parties other than its owner intended, and forgetting to pay over the money.

MULE THIEF CAUGHT.—Bob Johnson, a negro, was arrested yesterday and lodged in jail, charged with stealing a mule, and selling it to John J. Kane. He will be examined to-day.

RECOVERED.—Officer Connelly yesterday placed in the Arcade stable three stolen mules, which he had recovered. Those who have lost such animals may find their property by going to the Arcade.

The great and popular sale of watches, diamonds and jewelry will be continued this morning at the auction rooms of W. H. Passmore & Co., No. 270 Second street. The sale commencing at ten o'clock.

Nice kid gloves, one dollar; large stock long legged and cavalry boots at half cost, at J. H. Loewenstine & Brothers', Clay building. Open till nine p.m. Determined to sell out. tf

NEWS DEPOT.—Joe Locke, No. 22 Jefferson street, in AVALANCHE building, keeps on hand a supply of all the principal daily and weekly papers in the United States. The *National Freemason* may always be found on his counter.

FALSE PRETENSES.—L. A. Meginnis was held by Squire Moore in the sum of $2,000 to answer to the charge of fraudulently obtaining possession of a gold watch from one Malinda Brengle, a female of ill-fame, living in the Beecher persuasion.

PRAYER.—The present week has been set apart by the British Evangelical Alliance as one of prayer for the propagation of Christian principles. All Christians, without respect to denomination, are invited to participate.

ALMOST A SHOOTING AFFAIR.—A couple of gentlemen came near settling a private difficulty on Jefferson street yesterday by drawing pistols at targets of each other. By the interposition of friends the effusion of blood was prevented, and hence we shall say no more about it.

CHANGE.—Captain Garrett, of the First Metropolitan Police district, having resigned his place, it has been filled by the appointment of Captain Sim. It has been shifted from the Second to the First district. Sergeant S. Perry has been appointed Captain of the Second district.

THANKS.—Miss Walsh, who had in charge the Christian Doctrine table at the Catholic fair, will accept our thanks for the beautiful smoking cap, which she presented to us, and we assure her that it is highly prized, and that it will be worn as a memento of the fair donor.

THE NEW MEMPHIS.—The great tragedian, Ed win Booth, opens to-night in "Romeo and Juliet," Miss Mary McVicker appearing as Juliet. This is an event our people have been expecting all summer, and we are assured they will avail themselves of to the fullest.

IRISH LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—The usual weekly meeting of the above society will be held this evening, in the hall of the Irish societies of Memphis, corner of Main and Adams streets, at half-past seven o'clock. Subject for debate—"Is the Abolition of Slavery Beneficial to the American People?"

SALE OF A HOUSE AND LOT.—We call attention to the advertisement to be found in another column of B. Newton Harts, Esq. It will be seen that the sale will be positive. The property is in good repair and the terms of sale easy. Friday morning, at ten o'clock, is the hour fixed, and we bespeak a large crowd at the auction.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.—The Typographical Union, on Sunday, agreed upon the following scale of prices, to take effect immediately, viz: Composition, sixty-five cents per thousand ems; wages, per week, for day work, $27; foreman, for day work, $33 per week; foreman on a morning paper, $36 per week.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN CARPETS.—We stepped into the spacious warerooms of Royster, Trezevant & Co., yesterday, and were surprised to see so many ladies in those hard times purchasing carpets. The secret is, that those accommodating gents, are selling their choice stock of carpeting fifty per cent. cheaper than any other house.

THE PHILLIPS' ROBBERY.—James Ward, the negro who robbed Mr. Phillipps, on Beale street, of a leather trunk containing a large sum of money, was committed on Saturday. Yesterday Jim Jones, another negro, who gave Ward the points, and who was to receive $1,000 if Ward made $5,000 by the robbery, was brought before Squire Moore as a accessory to the robbery, and was sent to jail in default of $2,000 bail.

The finest assortment of stationery in town, at the lowest prices, at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co.'s, 279½ Main street.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday evening Messrs. David Wolf and J. Flaherty were driving along Jefferson street, near the bayou bridge, in a buggy, when the horses took fright and became unmanageable. Both the men were thrown out of the buggy. Mr. Wolf was pitched on his head, fracturing his skull and inflicting a most frightful wound in the back of the head. He was taken to the Watkins Infirmary, on Adams street, and is doing well. Mr. Flaherty was not seriously injured.

Emmons & Son, No. 10 Jefferson street and 393 Main, have received, the Scientific American, Army and Navy Journal, American Union, Rural New Yorker, New York Mercury, London News, Round Table, French papers, Home Journal, Country Gentleman, Police Gazette, Police News, Scottish American, Observer, Independent, Pen and Pencil (weekly), Stasts Zeitung. Also, Putnam's Magazine, Lippincott's Magazine for January, No. 1, volume 1; Budgett of Fun; Yankee Notions for February, and Diaries for 1868. They are selling them very cheap.

DR. W. E. ROGERS has removed his office to No. 284 Main street, opposite the one he formerly occupied. 3t

STOCK STOLEN.—On Saturday night a mule was stolen from Gabs. Littlejohn, No. 84 Madison street. Julian Bedford, living four and a half miles from Germantown, also lost a black mule. J. H. Jones lost a bay mare from the lower markethouse on the same day, and W. Anthiams, of De Soto Font, Mississippi, reported at police headquarters the loss of two mules. A bay mare belonging to L. N. Means, was taken on Sunday from in front of the Irving block, on Second street. W. V. Taylor, of Fayette county, Tennessee, lost two mules, about two weeks ago, which he supposes were taken by Mat. McDonough, several of which have been traced to Memphis.

THE ORPHANS' FAIR.—This event came to a conclusion last night with a grand ball, at which all enjoyed themselves. A large number of articles were disposed of, and the ladies who had it in charge cannot be too highly commended for their unwearied exertions in behalf of the poor orphan, and in this connection we will mention the names of Mrs. Canavan, Mrs. Cook, Mrs. Pleasants, Mrs. Winters and Mrs. Garvin, who were unwearied both night and day in their exertions, and were ably assisted by the Misses Walsh, Sue Flaherty, Kate Bark, Miss Quinlan, Miss DeShiel, and a host of others whose names we cannot now recall. We congratulate all concerned, and predict that as long as the holy fathers get such excellent conductors their fairs are always bound to be successful.

THE CANDIDATE'S OATH.—It is singular that men who will run for office should be so careless as to neglect the first step toward success—the taking of the candidate's oath. Even Mr. Fitch, one of the prominent candidates for Mayor, neglected it, and his votes have been thrown out. Mr. Holst, from the Fifth ward, failed from the same cause, which places Mr. Michael Burke in the seat. A number of the gentlemen elected to School Boards in the various wards have also failed, and Sheriff Winters has made the following return: Second ward, Jacob Fry, instead of D. F. Goodyear; Third ward, P. W. Buttinghaus instead of J. J. Johnson; Sixth ward, Jas. Dumars instead of E. J. Conner; Seventh ward, S. Cook instead of T. E. Bliss; Eighth ward, Chas. Mehan instead of L. M. Wolcott; Ninth ward, J. J. Leslie and B. McBride instead of J. B. Griffing; Tenth ward, M. Horrigan instead of J. C. Quinlan.

BLANK BOOKS.—Get them of Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co., No. 279½ Main street.

THE SHOOTING AFFRAY AT FORT PICKERING. It will be recollected that we published, last week, an account of the killing of a negro at Fort Pickering, but as there was some inaccuracies in our publication, we publish, by request, the following statement of the affair: The man who was killed was named Arnstead Armstrong. A few days before the affair, another colored man had entered a complaint against him for stealing a lot of clothing from the complainant. A warrant was issued by Justice Black for his arrest, and it was thought best to deputise some one in the vicinity to make the arrest. Accordingly, the warrant was placed in the hands of Mr. D. Maximair, a butcher living near by, with authority to serve it. He went to Armstrong's house and attempted to arrest him. The latter was armed and resisted the arrest. When Maximair produced the warrant, and was about to read it, Armstrong jerked it from his hand and attacked him in a desperate manner with a knife, cutting the clothing through in the struggle, and causing very near inflicting serious wounds. Maximair called for assistance, but the bystanders were afraid to render it. He finally succeeded in throwing off the desperado, man, and, seizing a shot gun, fired at Armstrong, inflicting a wound from which he died in about an hour.

Maximair reported to Justice Black, and gave himself up. The Justice held him under $3000 bail for three days, to await the verdict of the Coroner's jury. No complaint being made against him, he was discharged.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Meeting of the Old and New Boards.

Inauguration of Hon. J. W. Leftwich.

Message of the Mayor—The Council to Meet Again To-Night.

THE OLD BOARD.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Hulbert. Present, Mayor Lofland, Aldermen Powers, Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Amis, Hill, Brown, Holst, O'Donnell, Shaw, Smith and Passmore. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and ordered to stand as recorded.

Alderman Passmore, from the Committee on Accounts, presented that of Mr. Wilson. Referred to the City Controller.

Alderman Smith, Chairman of the Fire Committee, stated that their report was in the hands of the Chief Engineer.

A resolution introduced by Alderman Smith, in relation to the action to be taken by the new Board, in reference to improvements, was tabled.

By the same: That the retiring Mayor, as well as other city officers, are entitled to the thanks of this Board.

Alderman Shaw: A resolution eulogizing the action of Chairman Hulbert, in his fair and impartial action as President of the Board for the fortieth corporate year. Adopted unanimously, and ordered to be spread upon the minutes.

Chairman Hulbert thanked the members of the Council for the compliment they had paid him, which he must look upon as a record more honorable than just. Honor to whom honor is due was a good sentiment, and he would not arrogate to himself the credit for the measure of success which had crowned their endeavors; and if he had done his duty so well, it was only for the reason that he had been ably assisted by the members of the Board, individually and collectively. Severely as had been criticised the Board on its coming into power, it had gone ahead and showed itself in action prudent and firm, and well considered in council; and much of the private time of the members had been sacrificed to the public good. If the incoming Board would follow up the improvements and great public measures inaugurated by this, our city would yet become the Queen of the South.

The remarks of Mr. Hulbert were very feeling, and were listened to with marked attention by the members of the Board. At the conclusion of Mr. Hulbert's remarks Alderman Johnson moved that the council adjourn *sine die*. Carried.

THE NEW BOARD.

On the adjournment of the old Board, Mayor Lofland made the following announcement:

Gentlemen of the new and those of the old Board holding over will now take their places, commencing with the First Ward to the right.

As soon as the members had taken their seats, Mayor Lofland said:

I will now proceed to perform the last duty of my office, in swearing in the Mayor elect, John W. Leftwich.

He accordingly read over the oath of office to Mr. Leftwich, who took it, and he was thus inducted into his position, and immediately proceeded to swear in the Aldermen elect from the several wards.

Alderman O'Donnell said he had a couple of protests to offer, and as the members were about being sworn he wished to offer them now.

Alderman Ruffin wished to know the grounds of the protests, but before any business could be done it was necessary to elect a temporary chairman, and, on motion, Alderman Passmore was selected as such.

A discussion arose as to whether the Council should proceed to the election of a permanent chairman, which was finally determined in the affirmative, and Alderman Passmore was nominated by Alderman O'Donnell, and Alderman Glancy nominated Judge Swayne, which, upon vote, resulted in the election of Alderman Swayne, who was, upon motion, conducted to the chair by Alderman Passmore.

On taking the chair, Judge Swayne made a few remarks, thanking the Council for the honor they had conferred upon him, and assured them that he felt his own inability to fill the position, unless he was upheld and assisted by the members of the Board. This Board had much to do—much more than any twenty men in the city or State could possibly do. Much would be expected—more than they could possibly perform. Our city is bankrupt and our credit worthless, and he said he was heartily sorry for any one who became candidate he did not know where to locate it, if it should be located anywhere—and we must lift her up, and should we do this we will have fulfilled the highest measure of our ambition. We must have no eye to either the honor or the contumely which shall flow from our acts. We may be in two weeks the most unpopular men in the city. There are twenty candidates for almost every office in our gift, and as only one of these twenty aspirants can be successful, it may be that the other nineteen will call down upon the Common Council, but Common Scoundrels. I shall insist upon our deliberations being conducted with the utmost propriety and dignity; and he knew that, as gentlemen, they would observe all usual courtesies of deliberative bodies toward each other, and toward their Chairman; and he concluded by exhorting them to go ahead and perform their duties with an eye simply to the interests of the city, and let those whom we put into office be men who are sober, men who are honest, and men who are capable.

Mr. Van Anderson asked leave of the Board, as the legal adviser of one of the gentlemen against whom a protest had been entered, to put a question to it in regard to the course it intended to pursue. The chair decided that, as no motion had been made to allow him the privilege, it could not be granted.

Alderman Passmore moved that the protests be read.

Alderman Johnson said it was usual to appoint a committee, whose duty it was to examine into the qualifications of members.

Alderman Ruffin suggested that there was a motion before the Board for the reading of the protests.

The motion requiring the reading of the protests was finally carried, and they were read.

The protest against Michael Burke by Holst was for the reasons that he had not received a majority of the votes cast, and that as he had He was entitled to the seat, because the franchise act, as amended, did not apply to a sitting alderman, because it had been passed as an enabling act for them in the first place.

The protest of Mr. Cohen was grounded on the alleged fact that he had not lived in the ward three months.

The protest against Mr. Cicallo was that he was not a citizen of the United States. Accompanying this protest, Mr. Cicallo sent to the Chairman's desk his regularly authenticated naturalization papers.

Alderman Passmore moved that a committee of five be appointed to examine into the protests, and to report at the next meeting of the Board.

Alderman Glancy moved to amend by making the committee consist of a member from each ward, as he thought that ten heads were better than one. The amendment was lost, and the question recurring on the appointment of a committee of five, it was carried, and the Chair appointed Aldermen Passmore, Lemon, Ruffin, Brown and Wickersham.

Alderman Passmore moved that a committee of five be appointed to count the returns of the ballots to be elected. Carried, and the Chair appointed Aldermen Passmore, McDavitt and Johnson.

Alderman O'Donnell offered a resolution to the effect that, while the matter was pending, Mr. Holst be allowed to take his seat.

After considerable discussion the motion was withdrawn.

A message from Mayor Leftwich was received, in which he said that now as the vestiges of the canvass through which they had so lately passed were passing away, they could begin to appreciate their position and the grave responsibilities which had devolved upon them. They had an important trust committed to them, and economy in the conduct of the affairs of the city was an unavoidable duty, and it was encouraging to know that the good and solid men of the city had concluded to give their support and to aid in our efforts to sustain and improve the credit of the city, and if they could but succeed in doing this the measure of his municipal ambition would be filled. He reminded the gentlemen of the Board that in union was strength, and he implored them to act cordially and in unison with him for the benefit of the city. He concluded by informing the Board that he should take an early opportunity of laying before them a statement of the financial condition of the city, and make such suggestions as he should deem beneficial to the interests of Memphis.

On the conclusion of the reading of the Mayor's message, the Council adjourned, to meet again to-night, at seven o'clock.

MEMPHIS, January 3.—Leftwich is elected by 158 majority over both the Radical candidates combined. Out of twelve Aldermen elected, nine are Radical, which will make the Board, consisting of twenty members, strongly Conservative.

The defeat of the Radical party is wholly owing to wire-pullers. The nomination of L. D. Beecher was secured by the votes of the lowest class of negroes, irresponsible whites and political tricksters. It is estimated that five hundred Radicals voted for Leftwich, Conservative, as is evident from the fact that he ran that number above his ticket. The Radicals did this knowing it was the only way to defeat Beecher, who, they say, is not only incompetent but wholly unreliable. He was a Buchanan postmaster in Illinois in 1860.

During the waiting for returns at the Courthouse, last evening, General Chalmers Affinger appeared and made a strong Conservative speech. The battle was fought on the basis of a white man's government. The negro was totally ignored. Nothing was said of proscription, nor his vote asked for.

The Conservatives have been perfectly wild with joy and enthusiasm, as they did not expect to win, and the Radicals are looking, "deeply, darkly, beautifully blue." Their candidate was only in the field three days. No money was spent, no demonstration made, and the result surprised everybody. To-day Main street wore the appearance of a holiday.

The above is a dispatch from a Memphis Radical to a Cincinnati Radical newspaper, the *Commercial*. It will, no doubt, be refreshing for the Beecherites to know that they have been telegraphed all over the country by a seeming friend as the "lowest class of negroes, irresponsible whites and political tricksters." He should have said that the first was represented by Ham. Carter, the second by Barbour Lewis, and the latter by Judge Hunter, and the telegrapher, no doubt, said so, but the *Commercial* wouldn't print it

Central Executive Committee For the District of West Tennessee.

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee.

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacey, Jesse W. Page.

WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.

DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.

GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.

MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.

HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.

MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a Congressional Executive Committee for the Seventh and Eighth Congressional Districts of the State, with power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

Groceries, assorted, fresh, must sell at eleven o'clock this day, at the Arcade, 300 Second street. People please call, and of course will watch the chances for bargains.

STABBING AFFRAY.

A Man Dangerously Cut on Beale Street.

On Saturday night, about ten o'clock, a serious affray occurred, in which a man named James Dugan was cut four times—two of the wounds being inflicted in the pit of the stomach—and left bleeding on the ground. It appears that Dugan had been drinking freely, and that he got into company with Michael Collins, James Cannon and Michael Duffey, who were also under the influence of liquor. Soon afterward an altercation took place, but what originated it has not yet been developed. From words they soon proceeded to blows, and the result was that Dugan was cut in four places. He was conveyed to the Causey street station house, and received such medical attention as he required. Sunday morning he was removed to his boarding house, on Promenade street, near Winchester, where he now lies. He is in a precarious condition, but hopes are entertained of his recovery. Duffey, Collins and Cannon were arrested and locked up. Dugan did not identify either of them as the man who stabbed him. He could give no precise account of the affair, and said he did not want to prosecute them, as he did not know who had cut him. They will be examined before Justice Miller to-day.

FIGHT.

A Man Badly Beaten with an Iron Poker.

Thomas Pruitt and Walter Simmonds had an altercation on Saturday night, which resulted in a fight between the two men, in which Pruitt is said to have been overpowered. Both men are firemen, and the affray occurred immediately after the return of the engine from the fire. Pruitt belongs to the "steamer" on the corner of Second and Adams, and Walter Simmonds to the Hook and Ladder company adjoining. After quiet had been restored, and Simmonds was sitting in a chair, with his head resting against the wall, Pruitt approached, having in his hand an iron poker, probably an inch in diameter. With this he struck Simmonds a heavy blow across the face and forehead. The poor man fell from his chair senseless, the blood streaming down his face. Other firemen rushing to the spot prevented Pruitt continuing his murderous assault, and a policeman soon after arriving, he was taken to Watkins' Infirmary, where his wounds were promptly attended to, and where he is now doing well with a fair prospect of recovery. Simmonds is a relative of Alderman O'Donnell, and is said to be a quiet inoffensive man. Pruitt was taken before Squire Hall yesterday, who committed him to jail until this morning, when he will have an examination.

Bar Meeting.

At a meeting of the Memphis Bar, on Saturday evening last, at the office of H. G. Smith, Esq., Judge Thomas R. Smith being in the chair, and W. L. Scott, Esq., acting as Secretary, the following resolutions were adopted:

It is the sense of the bar of Memphis that the number of Judges of the Supreme Court should be increased to five or more.

It is the sense of the bar of Memphis that it is expedient for the relief of the Supreme Court that a High Court of Chancery be established in each division of he State, to which appeals from the Chancery Court of the respective divisions shall lie in the first instance, with proper restrictions as to appeals therefrom to the Supreme Court.

That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair to prepare a statement of changes which should be made in the Judiciary system, as well as other matters relating to the jurisprudence of this State, and also as to such alterations in the proceedings in the courts of Memphis as should be adopted, who will report to an adjourned meeting of the bar, to be held at the Chancery Court room, Wednesday afternoon, January 8, at three o'clock.

The Chair appointed on this committee Colonel D. K. Mellon, J. B. Heiskell, Esq., E. M. Yerger, Esq., R. M. Nelson, Esq., and Charles Kortrecht.

H. G. Smith, Esq., T. S. Ayers, Esq., and Henry Craft, Esq., were appointed a committee to proceed to Nashville, to attend the meeting of the bar of the State.

It was further resolved that the members of the Memphis bar be requested to make suggestions to the committee appointed to report on Wednesday afternoon.

The meeting then adjourned.

THOMAS R. SMITH, Chairman.
W. L. SCOTT, Secretary.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.* An informal call of the trial docket will be had to-day. All persons heretofore summoned are notified to attend this morning at ten o'clock.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.* The orders and decrees entered on yesterday are as follows:

Guy vs Bigbow; attachment dismissed.
Bullock vs Jamison; order of sale.
Moon vs Cannon; order of sale.
Commercial Bank of Kentucky vs Ford; order of sale.
Hillman & Bro. vs Hillman; order of reference.
Cochran vs Berino; order of sale revived.
Mabry vs Mabry; order of reference.
Rawlings vs Horn; order of sale.
Morrison vs Mills; injunction dissolved.

The cases set for hearing to-day are—

Orgill Bro vs Trezt.
Stark and Clarke vs White Lead company.
Wyatt vs Hart et al.
Roan vs Mc-padden.
Wright vs Jones.
Kalfoly vs Feldman.
Cases vs Jones.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—The cases set for trial on Monday, January 6, 1868, are as follows:

706 Wolf & Bro vs Hinchle.
707 Memphis & Charleston R. R. Co.
713 Owne a steamer Golden vs Hickman.
720 Hillman & Bro vs Swaley.
721 Gilchrist vs Johnson.
722 Horford vs Winters.
723 Logomarsino vs Greenlaw.
724 Union Bank of Tennessee vs Titus et al.
725 Smith vs Calhoun.
726 Smith vs Mandell et al.
4.7 Ford vs Humphrey.

HEGEMAN'S GENUINE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL.—Our oil has stood the test of twenty years' experience, and is warranted pure New Foundland cod oil. Its superiority over that prepared on the seashore, is shewn by the numerous cures performed by it when the inferior oils had been tried without effect. Prepared by Hegeman & Co., will be found at Struggles, New York. Sold by druggists generally. 1m

DICKENS! DICKENS!!—Call and get a copy of Dickens for fifteen cents at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co.'s, 279½ Main street.

INVALID SUITCOR.—This useful article is creating great excitement at the Arcade. 1w

All the new books at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co.'s, 279½ Main street.

Gents' good calf boots, $4 50; gents' good all linen bosom shirts, $1 50; gents' good suits of linen, $6. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, are determined to sell out.

Dry goods merchants will find bargains at Menken Bro's. 1w

All linen table cloths, 75 cents. All linen towels, 17½ cents. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. The goods must be sold.

Gunabargs and domestics at the great sales of Menken Bro's. 1w

4 4 bleached domestics, 12½c; brown domestics, 10c; linseys, 16¾c; A No. 1 fine cassimeres, 50c; dress goods, less than cheap. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. Call and see.

Call at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co.'s, 279½ Main street, for books and stationery. Prices low.

School books at reduced prices at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co.'s, 279½ Main street.

Stock sales daily at the Arcade. To use Mr. Cayce's words, the Arcade is the place to trade. 1w

Get your paper and envelopes stamped at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co., 279½ Main street.

Merchants wanting to replenish their stock of dry goods should go to Menken Bro's. 1w

Nice white handkerchiefs, 10c; best pins and needles, 5c; ladies' linen collars, 5c; hoods, 50c; A No. 1 nubias, 50c; breakfast shawls, 75c. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros, Clay building, open till 9 p.m.

Towels and sheetings at the sale of Menken Bro's. 1w

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

We refer to the advertisement of J. Dolfinger & Co., in another column, they offer their entire stock and fixtures for sale. This is a rare opportunity and a paying investment. 1w

Choice Bed Blankets, very cheap, Menken Bro's. 1w

The great rush still continues at the closing out sale of M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

Gents' good boots, $2. Boys' good boots, $1. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay building. Open until 9 p.m.

French corsets, direct from Paris. Ladies are invited to examine them at Menken Bro's. 1w

Fine Empress clothes and poplins, still lower, at Menken Bro's. 1w

Irish linens, of the best makes, at Menken Bro's. 1w

Black Silk $1 25 per yard. Menken Bro's. 1w

CHANGE OF TIME.—The attention of passengers is directed to the fact that another change has been made in the running time of the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad. Commencing to-day, trains arrive and depart as follows: New Orleans express will arrive at 3:25 p.m., and depart at 4:10 p.m.; Sardis accommodation will arrive at 10 a.m., and depart at 1:50 p.m.; Freight will arrive at 3:15 p.m., and depart at 8:45 a.m. The express will run daily, and the accommodation and freight daily except Sundays. The time to New Orleans is twenty-three hours and fifty minutes. Passengers for New Orleans and other points South will consult their own interest by going over this route, which is splendidly managed. 3t

Ladies' cloaks, $3; misses' cloaks, extra cheap; A No. 1 all wool blankets, $4 50. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay building. Must be sold.

Ladies, don't fail to look at those fine cloaks and shawls at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, at the great closing out sale of the season. They must be sold regardless of cost or value.

Epitaphs are not always veracious, but they are more truthful than the labels of the so-called foreign perfumes now sold in this market. Don't be duped by these printed fables. They are counterfeit presentments, covering counterfeit articles. Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus" is, on the other hand, precisely what it purports to be—a pure, unimpeachable stable of the toilet.—*Chicago Times.*

COAL! COAL! COAL!—For superior Pittsburg coal leave your orders at Bigley, Mellersh & Co.'s, No. 26 South Court. 1m

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
TUESDAY, January 7.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Yesterday was a disagreeable day, with a steady rain, and at times it poured down in torrents. The river here is rising gradually, and is nearly bank full. At St. Louis, on Saturday, the weather was mild, with the river rising slowly, and five feet in the channel out to Cairo. The Ohio is rising again at Pittsburg, with six feet in the channel, but falling at Louisville, with nine feet eight inches in the channel. The Cumberland and Tennessee rivers are rising, and if the heavy rains we have had here during the past forty-eight hours extend along the Ohio, we may look out for a young flood. White and Arkansas rivers remain low, but the present rains will certainly make a good rise in the Arkansas and St. Francis rivers.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Great Republic, New Orleans.
" Indiana, New Orleans.
" General Quitman, New Orleans.
" Henry M. Shreve, St. Louis.
" Richmond, St. Louis.
" Sherman, Cincinnati.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis river.
" St. Patrick, Evansville.
" Columbian, Vicksburg.
" Commercial, White river.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Mollie Able, New Orleans.
" Sherman, New Orleans.
" Henry M. Shreve, Vicksburg.
" Indiana, Louisville.
" Richmond, New Orleans.
" Columbian, St. Louis
" Great Republic, Louisville.

IN PORT.

Centralia, General Quitman, Mollie Hambleton, Florence Traber, St. Patrick.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The heavy rain yesterday made all outdoor business exceedingly disagreeable, but, considering the weather, and the mud upon the landing, there was a fair amount done.

The General Quitman arrived here yesterday, with a very fair trip, and will leave for New Orleans this afternoon at five o'clock, Captain James White in command. Her clerks are those estimable gentlemen and capable officers, Messrs. T. J. Howard, H. G. McCrindell and H. O. Benedict. Frank Smith is steward. We need not speak of the superior accommodations of the Quitman; they speak for themselves.

We know that everybody will be glad to learn that the peerless Robert E. Lee will re-enter the Memphis and New Orleans trade, to stay, and will make weekly trips. She will leave New Orleans for this port one day this week. Captain Richardson is still in command, and although we shall miss the cheerful face of our old friend, Captain James F. Smith, still we shall have our friend McVay in the office, and the most of the old officers and crew.

TERRIBLE STEAMBOAT DISASTER—EXPLOSION OF THE HARRY DEAN.—The steamer Harry Dean exploded her boilers on Saturday morning, two miles below Gallipolis, Ohio, and burned to the water's edge. The Harry Dean was the regular packet plying between Marietta and Cincinnati, and was on her down trip from Marietta, which is at the mouth of the Muskingum, some eighty feet in the line below Wheeling. This boat is a sternwheeler, some five or six years old, was formerly the Ohio Valley turned into a gunboat, and subsequently transformed and rechristened the Harry Dean. She piled in the Memphis and Cincinnati trade last season, and for a short time tried her fortunes in the Mackenzie trade. She had inhuman boilers, which were probably the cause of her burning her existence as a tin can, she was owned in Cincinnati. The following casualties are reported: Captain Booth and son, slightly; Captain Burch, seriously; first engineer Crane, slightly; John Haines, fireman, fatally; Captain Biggs, of Ashland, Ky., badly; Jesse Killen and Mr. Norton, of Wheeling, Virginia, killed and body lost; one cabin boy, fatally; Munson, barkeeper, seriously; T. Ryan, of Washington county, Ohio, seriously; John Levisay and Harry Hayes, seriously. The cook and second steward are missing. Four persons in all are supposed to be killed. Jesse Killen, killed; M. Munson, deck hand, and two others, names unknown, burned to death; cabin boy, name unknown, fatally injured; Mr. Burns, of Spartensburg, Ohio, badly burned; Engineer Crane, slightly injured; Captain Biggs, formerly of the Thirty-sixth Ohio, arm broken and otherwise injured.

A number were injured who are not reported. Several persons are missing, and supposed to be lost. The boat was heavily loaded, with four hundred barrels of oil, salt, potatoes, etc., all a total loss.

The Cumberland narrowly escaped being burned between Paducah and Cairo, on Thursday last, by the falling of her cabin stove during a high wind, which caused the boat to take fire.

By dispatch from Pittsburg, at noon yesterday, we learn that the river had again commenced rising at that point, with six feet of water in the channel.

By a special dispatch from Cincinnati, at noon yesterday, we learn that the river was falling at the rate of two inches per hour, with twenty-seven feet water in the channel and seventy-five feet clear space to the bridge.

The Mary Forsyth and Virginia were to have left St. Louis on Monday for New Orleans, and the Turner on Saturday for Memphis.

The Empire and Dexter were to have left Louisville Saturday evening for New Orleans.

The steamer Sunbeam, built here in 1862, recently sunk opposite Brandenburg, has been sold by Captain Saint to the underwriters for $3,700. The rising river had covered the wreck till only the pilot house was above water.

The fine steamer Centralia, Captain Scott, is receiving at the wharf for Arkansas river and way points through to Little Rock, and leaves to-day at five p.m. Messrs. James Thompson and Bob Shields, two clever and accommodating gentlemen, are her clerks.

The Wilson, a diminutive craft, sunk in Wabash river on Thursday last.

Freights at Cincinnati continue scarce for all points with superabundant tonnage. On Friday the figures were 15@20 cents to Pittsburg, 20@25 cents to St. Louis, 20 cents to Memphis, and 25@30 cents per hundred to New Orleans. One lot of cotton was taken for Pittsburg at 60 cents per hundred, but seashore, is shewn by the numerous cures performed by it when the inferior oils had been tried without effect. Prepared by Hegeman & Co., will be found at Struggles, New York. Sold by druggists generally. 1m

The Commercial, Captain William Ashford, is the regular Tuesday White river United States mail packet. She is at the wharf receiving, and will leave at sharp five, making connection at Duvall's Bluff with the Little Rock railroad. She has superb passenger accommodations. Messrs. Charley Kidder and Charley Stevens, two genial and clever gentlemen, preside in the office.

Charles Hughes, a well known Louisville and Pittsburg pilot, aged forty years, died in Cincinnati, a few days since, of chronic diarrhœa.

The St. Patrick was unable to get off last evening, owing to the inclement weather. The rain interfered with her cotton engagements. She leaves this morning at ten o'clock, positively, for Cairo and Evansville. She has unsurpassed passenger accomodations. Captain Lee Finney commands, with Billy Fields and Andy Granger, two popular clerks and courteous gentlemen, in charge of the office.

The Indiana passed up for Louisville last night, with a fair trip.

The Great Republic passed up for Louisville on Sunday, with one of the largest trips that was ever shipped up the Ohio.

The Richmond, from St. Louis, passed down last evening. She added here four hundred bales of cotton.

The Mollie Able cleared for New Orleans last evening, with a fair trip, including eight hundred bales of cotton.

The H. D. Turner will arrive to-day from St. Louis and return to Cairo and St. Louis to-morrow.

The Vicksburg *Times* has a first rate mode of distinguishing an upper Ohio steamer. It rarely fails in its "guess." The plow business will not be found as profitable as heretofore. The plantations are now overstocked with implements of the kind, and can under sell all newcomers, in what can be spared without the slightest inconvenience from this year's crop cultivations.

A new comer, in the shape of the Selma, landed at our wharf during the afternoon. For a while we were undecided as to the point she hailed from, when happening to glance at her roof, we immediately noted—"Porkopolis." Moral: whenever you see the roof and texas of a steamboat covered with packages of dry goods, and empty barrels, and her boiler deck well lumbered up with furniture—whether half a dozen hungry looking deputies are present or not—it is safe to say that that boat is from the Ohio river, above the Falls.

The *Times* also says that "the greater part of the cotton crop between this point and Greenville having been transported to market, Captain J. M. White has decided to extend the trips of the gallant Quitman to Memphis. The splendid qualities of this packet are known and appreciated by all regular travelers on the Mississippi, and we congratulate our Memphis friends on the acquisition of such a steamer to the list of 'liners.'"

Cotton shippers will bear in mind that the elegant steamer General Quitman leaves to-day at five o'clock, sharp, for New Orleans. She has no superior in fare, speed and comfort. Staterooms can be engaged at Captain Sam. Shock's office, at the Overton Hotel.

The Worsham House was crowded with guests last evening, the major portion of them being residents of Arkansas and Mississippi. The central location of the house, and the hospitality displayed by its liberal proprietor, Mr. C. B. Galloway, makes the Worsham attractive to our country friends.

The Mollie Hambleton, Captain Bowman, arrived yesterday with 517 bales of cotton. She leaves to-day at five p.m., for Wittsburg and way points on the St. Francis river. Messrs. Paine, Scheil and Clark are her clerks.

The Florence Traber is up for Little Rock to-day at five p.m.

The Louisville *Cour

OFFICE

…Office, No. 331 Jefferson street, near the corner

…EN FENIANS.

…of President Roberts—Ad…
…the Senate.

…the Fenian Senate, …Gibbons of Philadelphia as Vice President, and General …is place. In the …rmally tendered …Neill succeeds …provisions of …t is President …December 31.

…Brotherhood:

…I have the …of the Fenian …It is a source of deep gratification to me to know that, in surrendering the important trust committed to my charge during so long and so trying a period, neither the interests of the Fenian Brotherhood nor of Ireland have suffered at my hands, and that at no period since my election to the office of President has the organization been so strong in numbers or its resources so great as at present. And now, gentlemen, before our official relations have ceased, permit me to express for you, as well as for my brother members at large, a friendship based upon mutual respect, preserved by a constant spirit of conciliation and citizenship, and cemented by our sacrifices and struggles to establish and righteous principles. Under similar sentiments I will ever cherish the hearts of …the honor …

…R. ROBERTS.

…ence, the address …New York, December 31, 1867.

…the American People and Lovers of Liberty everywhere:

The leaders of the American Revolution, when they determined to assert the liberties of the people with the sword, laid down the maxim that where most suffering from grievances such as they protested against, underlook to sever the relations that bound them to the government under which they lived, the respect due to the opinions of civilized mankind required that they should place on record the statement of their wrongs, the efforts they had made to remedy them, without effect, and the principles on which they grounded their just right to resistance, when submission had ceased to be a virtue. Following these examples, the Congress of the Fenian Brotherhood, assembled in Cleveland, in the month of September, put forth, in the name of the national body they represented, a declaration of the principles upon which the organization was founded and the objects at which it aimed; and the Senate elected by the brotherhood in this city has addressed recently issued to the Governors of the English nation, have reiterated those sentiments, and placed on record the fact, that between the people of America and those of England there is no question of interest, that both are oppressed and robbed by the same aristocratic power, which, to support their feudal state, has robbed them of their rights of manhood; that it was against that power alone the Irish people proposed to fight; and that, whatever might be the issue of the struggle, it should be carried on in a manner worthy of a people aspiring to the dignity of freemen, and in no respect should it be such as to cause either those engaged in it or the advocates of human freedom to blush at its details. That such a definition of the platform on which the Irish race at home and abroad propose to fight for the battles of their country's independence were not unheeded, there is sufficient evidence to show. Our enemy has seized on the occurrence of the blowing up of the wall of Clerkenwell prison, in London, by which a number of innocent persons were killed or wounded, to stigmatize the national organization as a sanguinary combination of traitors and assassins with whom a civilized power could only deal as with a band of murderers and irreclaimable savages; and every pulpit as of violence, every deed of incendiarism, however senseless or unaccountable, has been, in this same spirit, carefully magnified and placed to the charge of the Fenian Brotherhood, in order still further to blacken its character in the eyes of the world. But, while the Nationalists of Ireland are prepared to face the hostility and misrepresentations of the British Government and their organs, they desire that the great American people, and every lover of freedom within the British dominions, should understand their true sentiments and policy, and that no insidious enemy should be able to fasten on them the odium or responsibility of acts with which, as a body, they have no sympathy. In the name, therefore, of the Fenian Brotherhood, the Senate elected by their representatives as the body authorized to speak for them, hereby declare that the acts charged by the English Government and the press subservient to it against the organization, to-wit: the blowing up of the Clerkenwell prison, and consequent destruction of innocent lives, the firing of postoffices and gas works, which, as instruments of warfare of civilization, it is the interest of all to preserve, and the sending explosive or deadly missives to individuals through the mails, are neither authorized, approved of, nor encouraged by the authorities whom the members of the Brotherhood recognize, but, on the contrary, are regarded by them as the work of the secret agents of the English Government, endeavoring to bring odium upon the national cause by the perpetration of crimes foreign both to the genius, the instincts, and the religious training of the Irish people. In the name of truth, of justice, and by the record which our people have made for themselves in the past, we ask the citizens of the United States, especially, not to be led by specious misrepresentations, to believe such accusations, levelled at the element of the Irish nation which sympathizes with their own free institutions, and desire to extend the blessings enjoyed by America to their downtrodden race. We ask the world to judge fairly between us and our accusers. The Fenian Brotherhood war not against the lives, liberties or property of their English brethren, but against the feudal tyranny which degrades human nature in England and Ireland alike. Their efforts will not be wasted against the insensate walls of prisons, but directed to the overthrow of the political despotism which makes the jail and the gibbet the symbols and insecurers of its power. They neither employ in their struggle the secret weapon of the assassin nor the torch of the incendiary; but, resolving to face the issue of battle like men determined to be free, they commit their cause to the Almighty Disposer of events, and their own stout arms—their only motto, "Liberty for all;" their rallying cry, "God save Ireland!" Signed by order of the Senate Fenian Brotherhood.

JOHN O'NEILL, Vice President F. B.

AT IT AGAIN.

Wendell Phillips and the "Double-Faced"

From the Anti-Slavery Standard.]

The Republican party is evidently trying to borrow a leaf from Democratic practice. It intends to enter the coming campaign with two faces, plans to ride two horses, with a fair chance of falling between the two. The late speech of Mr. Colfax, the resolution of the House affirming the present plan of reconstruction in all its details, with other pledges, are the Radical countenance of this double-faced policy; the eulogized reticence of General Grant, is its conservative fellow. Prominent men of the party are allowed to air their eloquence to any extent. Pledges, on such platforms, are plenty as blackberries. So they were in the canvass of 1864. But here we stand to-day with Johnson; emphatic proof just how much such pledges are worth. This time the party goes one step further; the House of Representatives adds its indorsement. In July, 1861, the same House pledged itself not to touch slavery. Still they bowed to events, and voted the anti-slavery constitutional amendment. Pledges even from that House are conditional.

These pledges, it is supposed, will gull the credulous Radicals and keep them in the ranks. Meanwhile, Grant's non-committal will satisfy and bind the half Democratic element of the party—Weed, Fessenden and Conkling.

But suppose the House vote not mere hypocrisy, still the real question is, who is to be President, Grant or the House of Representatives? It is the President whose bias decides the action of the Government. The House cannot make a firmer pledge than it gave when it enacted the civil tenure bill. It gave Johnson impulse to it, and there it will. But House declined to re… the firm pledged picture of 1867 wi… t or impeach. This The successors o… be just as true of 1869. wiser men t… Stanton and Sickles will be think? …an to ask, What does the House wh… they only busy themselves to know, as does Johnson think? So of our future. Actions are the best pledges. If the Republican party elects Grant, he is its pledge. Any one who wishes to calculate the action of the Government must be able to state Grant's force and orbit. The late pledge of the House must be taken as implying, "This we will do if next President consents." Omitting this, it is an attempt to win votes by false pretenses. The votes of Congress just now must be taken as the Presidential nomination of ideal conventions are subject to the action of the next National Convention." Grant is every man, therefore, to keep his eye on him, and not be lulled into dozy contemplating periods of Colfax, or the … of House resolves. It still …his convictions who, more …other men, is to decide our …And the American …

AT IT AGAIN.

INSURANCE.

G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL
Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent
No. 279 1-2 Main Street.

NONE but sound, solvent, and prompt paying companies represented.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Hartford, Connecticut.

S. D. McCLURE,
No. 16 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.,
GENERAL AGENT FOR
TENNESSEE AND ARKANSAS.

POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe and the southern portion of South America during any and all seasons of the year. oct7dw

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INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE NO. 261 MAIN STREET.

INSURES AGAINST LOSS OF LIFE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $500,000

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The Company is now prepared to issue Policies, and to take risks in all the various forms of Life Insurance, and respectfully solicits a liberal patronage from the first public.

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

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LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
OF LONDON.
ORGANIZED, 1821

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Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.

Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Duelling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.

Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.

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NINETY-SIXTH SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE

TOTAL LOSSES PAID, $21,971,972 57.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS—AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand and in Bank	$135,486 3
Real Estate	218,982 02
Mortgage [illegible]	405,500 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other public securities	2,206,600 00
Loans [illegible]	4,600,938 77
Liabilities, Claims not due and unadjusted	277,808 46
Net Assets	$4,323,130 31

FIRE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

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THE FRANKLIN
INSURANCE & BANKING COMPANY

Have resumed business under the following management:

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Cashier. President.

Will receive Deposits, Discount Notes and Bills, and transact all business authorized by the Charter.

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MEMPHIS, TENN.

Something New
IN
SCIENCE AND MEDICINE.

PARALYSIS CAN BE CURED.

WE fully and freely invite all physicians and students of medicine of all schools, and also everybody else to come and examine our invention of a

Portable Equalizer.

We have demonstrated the fact that in Paralysis, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Weak Chests, Narrow Chests, Asthma, Weak Lungs, Weak Backs, Weak, Stiff and Shrunken Limbs, Curvature of the spine, and other spinal affections, Sciatica, Rheumatism of years' standing, Spasms, Epilepsy, Palsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Derangements of the Mind, Prolapsus Uteri, Ovarry and all kinds of weaknesses of the generative organs, can be cured.

Testimony from hundreds of the best physicians and citizens of this nation.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 2, 1867.

Having sold all my rights, title and interest in this county of the "EQUALIZER" to DR. SAMUEL GILBERT and MILAS T. GILBERT, the latter being a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, I can fully and freely recommend them to, as thoroughly competent and reliable, to all persons wishing treatment.

GEORGE HADFIELD, M. D.

DR. GILBERT can be consulted at their offices, No. 37 South side of Court Square. dec

Royal Havana Lottery

OF Cuba, conducted by the Spanish Government; $20,000 in gold drawn every seventeen days; prizes cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
11 Wall Street, New York.

DIRECT IMPORTATION

WE have just received direct from Paris, France, an extensive assortment of

Fine French Perfumes,
Pomades, Hair Oils, Toilet Waters,
Colognes, Toilet Soap, etc., etc.,

From the justly celebrated house of VIOLET & CO., whose perfumes are considered par excellence the finest in the world.

ALSO,

Odors of Flowers, distilled by Chiris,

Who supplies the most celebrated perfumers of Europe and America with these odors for the manufacture of their perfumery.

ALSO,

Lubin's, Coudray's and Society Hygienique Handkerchief Extracts,
Essences, Toilet Powder, Cosmetics,
Fine Hair Brushes, Combs, Tooth Brushes,

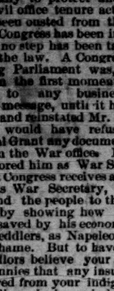
And every variety of Toilet Articles, which we import direct from the manufacturers, and are thus enabled to sell at prices at least twenty-five per cent lower than they have heretofore been offered.

WARD & LeGUERE, Druggists,
Corner Main and Adams Streets,
no21 Opposite Worsham House.

H. LEMON,
BRICK MASON AND PLASTERER
Lemon's Patent Grates Set.

ALL ORDERS left at S. Davis's, northwest corner of Second and Monroe streets, will be promptly attended to; or at my residence, No. 41 Avery street. de17

Western & Virginia Tobacco Agency.
MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.



IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco in Pipes, and the large st stock of Smokers' Articles in the city. DOWN ER. SECOND AND JEFFERSON STREETS Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. [Entire ground floor.

TO COTTON SHIPPERS.

The Memphis and Charleston Railroad has just completed arrangements to

SHIP COTTON
TO
New York and all Eastern Cities
VIA
CHARLESTON, NORFOLK,

And by ALL RAIL via Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and will give Through Bills of Lading to all points, GUARANTEEING TIME at the lowest rates, which are given by any other line. And with more advantages to shippers than by any other line. A new and light fast freight schedule having been put in operation, running through without break of bulk or detention, which enables us to make quick time. We are determined to make this route a fast, as well as the shortest, Quick, Cheap and Reliable one, and desirable line to shippers from Memphis to all points. We have also signed the services of P. M. PATTERSON & SON, in connection with Wm. JOHN HUDSON, as Forwarding Agents, who will give all information to shippers and also Through Bills of Lading, at No. 278 Main street; also W. A. LOWE, Agent, at Depot.

V. J. ROSS, General Superintendent.
J. C. LOWE, General Freight Agent. dec8

Good News for the Holidays.

Groceries, Green and Dried Fruits,
Preserves, Jellies,
TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,
AND
Confectioneries in all their variety.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of FANCY GROCERIES, etc., consisting in part of ALMONDS, FILBERTS, PECANS, BRAZIL NUTS, CITRON, CASSINS, CURRANTS, FIGS, JELLIES, and PRESERVES of all kinds, SAUCES, PICKLES, CANNED FRUITS, FOWLS, and a variety of other articles too lengthy to enumerate. We are also in receipt of regular shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other green fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our long business experience enables us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our Candies will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, and that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage demonstrates.

Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders

L. ROOS & CO., Import ers and Jobbers,
de15 280 and 282 Second street, corner of Monroe.

GEORGE PHILLER & CO.
DEALERS IN
HIDES AND LEATHER
Adams Street, between Front and the River,

HAVE now on hand consignments of Leather direct from tanneries, consisting of

HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
SOLE LEATHER,
SKIRTING LEATHER,
KIP SKINS, ETC., ETC

HAVE, ALSO,

French and American Calf Skins.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR
RUSH & HOWARD'S,
(Buffalo, New York.)
Hemlock Sole Leather.

Have now in store One Hundred Rolls, which we can sell lower than it can be had elsewhere in this market. del

Notice.

WE have this day appointed Messrs. ALLISON BROTHERS our sole agents to settle and wind up our old business in this city.

All persons indebted to us, and all parties having claims in their possession for collection, from our former agent, Mr. W. F. Pasil, will make all remittances and address all communications to them; they alone being authorized to receipt for payments made in globolene of said business.

RILLMAN, BROTHER & SONS.
MEMPHIS, TENN., December 1, 1867. dec

The Graham Place
FOR RENT.

THIS beautiful and spacious residence and grounds are offered for rent to an acceptable tenant, or one year or the first of January next. Possession given immediately. Application to be made to Colonel W. L. Lee, in West Court Square, or to

SOYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
de21

TAILORS, CLOTHING.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
POWER & McGEOY,
MERCHANT TAILORS
238 Second Street,

Are just receiving their stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS:
Cloths, Over Coatings, Cassimeres.
Doeskins and Vestings, of Latest Styles.

Which we will make to order at reduced prices. Call and examine our goods and prices and be convinced. se27

KEEP THE BALL MOVING!

Encourage Home Trade

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS
AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,
No. 294 Main Street,
Clark's Marble Block.

OUR Goods are all entirely new, and we are determined to undersell any house in the city. We are no branch of any New York, Cincinnati, St. Louis or Louisville house. We BUY AND SELL all the money we make off to invest in some NORTHERN city.

Our Tailoring Department Cannot be Excelled.

Shirts made to order at very short notice and at the very Lowest Prices. Encourage HOME TRADE and give us a call, and if we can sell you we will. Believe your money at home. ENCOURAGE home trade if you wish to have a prosperous county.

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
oct19 294 Main street.

ALEX. MURRAY. S. RIDGELEY
MURRAY & RIDGELY.
(Late of Alexandria, Va.,)
MERCHANT TAILORS,
NO. 8 MADISON STREET,

ARE just opening an entirely new stock of
Merchant Tailoring Goods.

We make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

CLOTHING

CHEAPEST IN THE CITY

All Cost Houses to the contrary notwithstanding

EXAMINE OUR STOCK

Compare Prices and be Convinced

THAT YOU CAN GET

Better Goods for Less Money

THAN ELSEWHERE.

Cash is the basis of all our transactions.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,
No. 305 Main Street.
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ARROW COTTON TIES.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis

GULLETT'S STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS—Price $6 to per Saw, invariably cash.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

MARVIN & CO'S GREATLY CELEBRATED FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, for Business Houses and Bankers; also, PARLOR or PLATE SAFES, at manufacturers' prices.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

1800 BOXES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS—Imported direct and for sale by
ORGILL BROS. & CO.

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A NEW WEEKLY NEWSPAPER
Published in the City of New York
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AMONG the other attractions of the IRISH CITIZEN, such as we hope now make it interesting to the general reader, we intend to produce a variety of translations of Irish songs, literal to the old world, and lively and sketches of historical events, and particular biographies of Warriors, Poets, orators, etc., chiefly connected with the history of the literature of Ireland namely:

Recollections of Thomas Francis Meagher.
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Tarrot's Descent.
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STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of every Man, Woman and Child,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood basis,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back from Northern mountains
And leave its drugs alone.
Come to your land of nursery,
Drink the wine of life prepared,
And you will always be on duty
With a thousand blessings shared.
Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE. oct12

ELMWOOD NURSERY,
Memphis, Tennessee,
A little South of Pigeon Roost Road, five miles out.

100,000 FRUIT TREES, Apples, Pears, Grapes, Peaches, Nectarines, nine varieties, Quinces and Cherries, only of varieties adapted to this climate.

ROSES—A very large and superb collection.

EVERGREENS—A beautiful stock—all sizes, and all kinds of Nursery stock. Orchards planted and pruned, yards laid out and ornamented.

Orders at 279 Main street, or through the Postoffice, or at the office of J. A. McCLURE, Architect.

JAMES STEWART.
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THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT
No. 94 Camp Street,
J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

THIS popular Southern Journal, established in 1848, suppressed by Ben. Butler, May 15, 1862, and re-established October 12, 1865, is now, as in the past, a faithful exponent of Conservative Southern sentiments, a reliable record of events, and the ardent advocate of all means calculated to develope the resources of the great Southwest.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

Daily—per annum	$16 00
Half yearly and quarterly, same rate.	
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FINLEY'S
CHURN DASHER!

Retail Price Everywhere $3.

PRINCIPAL Depot for the Southern States for "FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER," at the popular CHINA HALL of

EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT,
No. 321 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

And for sale by Agents everywhere.

Agents Wanted in Every County in the United States.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Agents' Wanted

In every county in the United States for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Liberal inducements to active and reliable men.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.,
Agents for the United States.

Madison, Gibson, Dyer,

Obion, Henry and Hardeman counties, Tennessee, and Marshall, Lafayette, Pontotoc and Yalobusha counties, Mississippi, are open to agency for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply immediately to

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Colonel W. Underwood,

The popular candidate for municipal honors, says butter is made at his house in less than five (5) minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. W. B. Waldran, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer Memphis and Little Rock railroad, uses the FINLEY DASHER. Ask him if he can now afford to do without it? Dr. J. Y. Cummings says butter is obtained at his house in from three to five minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. Go and get one and try it yourself. Price $3. cash

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
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Who cannot make money at clerking, CAN, with a little effort and a little capital, make money, surely and rapidly, by sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Come and see us and we will convince you.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
Agents for the United States.

Get One

Of the FINLEY CHURN DASHERS and try it. If not fully up to representation, return it and get your Three Dollars.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Everybody Knows

The genial "Charlie" Morris. He says the FINLEY CHURN DASHER beats everything in Arkansas. John M. Woodson, of Germantown, is astonishing and delighting the good housekeepers of his neighborhood with the marvelous work of the DASHER. Can't please your wife and daughters better than by adding a DASHER to your household inventory. Only $3 00. Agents wanted everywhere.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

E. W. Caldwell,

Shelby Depot, says no housekeeper ought to be without FINLEY CHURN DASHER, and no one certainly will after one trial, for the trifling sum of $3 00. Ask Dr. Henry Dickey [illegible] Love and General J. C. W. Roberts, of Hernando, what they would take for their FINLEY DASHERS if they could not get another. Perhaps they would surprise you with their answers. Retailed everywhere at $3 00. More agents wanted.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Eight Hundred and Seven

(807) FINLEY CHURN DASHERS sold in one week—all guaranteed and not one yet returned. "Old fogies," don't "look for fear the thing possibly be humbugged. No "Yankee humbug." If it does not perform all we promise for it, come and get your money again.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

"Western Reserve"

And "Goshen" housekeepers and dairymen pronounce the FINLEY CHURN DASHER the best churning implement yet seen. Try it yourself, and you will be fully convinced. Retail at $3 00.

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2,000 Finley Churn Dashers

To arrive next week. Agents can be profitably employed. Our agents are all making money. You can do the same, if you will try.

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General R. E. Lee,

Of Virginia, has a FINLEY DASHER. Colonel Saith Adams, Stanton Depot, uses FINLEY DASHER. Colonel [illegible] Farrar, of Hernando, Alabama, uses the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. G. D. Winchell, of Cincinnati, says nothing equal to the DASHER. Mrs. A. D. Smith, of Rochester, N. Y., uses one of the DASHERS. Colonel H. K. Strong, of Dixon, Illinois, pronounces the DASHER a success. Dr. J. M. Owen, of Russellville, Kentucky, says it can't be beat. The venerable editor of the Jackson Whig, W. W. Gates, does not hesitate to recommend the DASHER in highest terms. And so will any other individual who will try it. Retail price, $3 00. Exclusive agencies and good terms to the right sort of men with a small capital. Call upon or write to

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
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Sheriff's Sale.

S. C. Hardwick vs. George J. Dargin.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis in the above entitled attachment case, I will,

On Monday, January 13, 1868,

Between the hours of ten o'clock a.m. and four o'clock p.m. in front of the Court House door in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, the following described real estate, viz: situated in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, being part of lot No. 32 as laid down in the plan of said city, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the west boundary line of James Metcalfe's, 25 feet north of the Memphis and Ohio railroad track, thence west with said railroad track 270 feet to a stake, thence south 80 feet to